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## Phosphorus & Advice

ONE SIZE DOES NOT FIT ALL

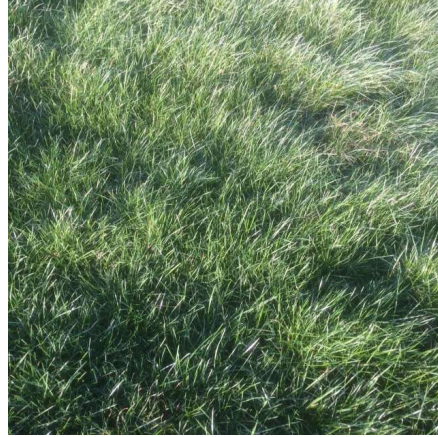


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## P Deficiency in Grassland



Index 1



Index 3

3

## Role & Function of Phosphorus (P)

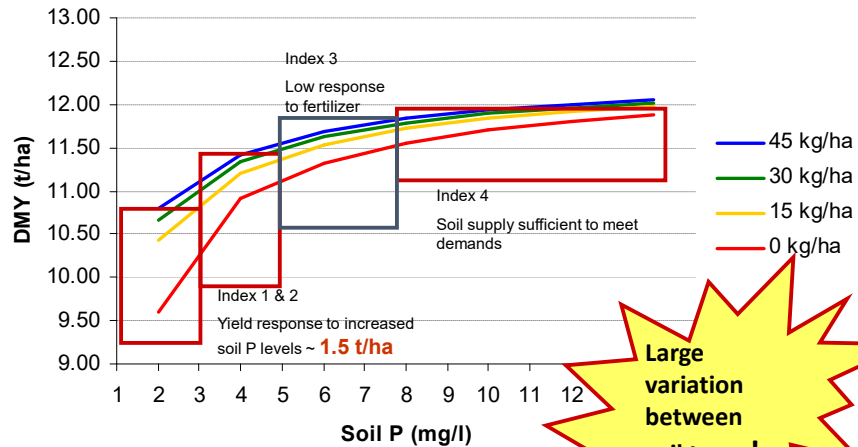
- Soils & supply
- Rooting & Tillering
- Spring grass growth
- Extra 1.5t DM/ha
- 60% P recycled
- Milk/Meat – Off takes
- Animal health
- Peat soils (Index 3!)



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## Why Build Soil Fertility?

Mean dry matter yield response to soil and fertilizer P  
(Schulte & Herlihy, 2007)



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## Phosphorus (P) Quiz

Q 1. How much P removed in 1,000 litres of milk?

Answer  
A – 5kg/ 1,000 litres  
B – 1 kg / 1,000 litres

Q 2. How much P is required to grow 1 ton Grass DM?

Answer  
A – 10kg / t DM  
B – 4 kg / t DM

Q 3. When is the best time to apply P?

Answer  
A – Springtime  
B – Summer time

Q 4. Is cattle slurry high or low in P?

Answer  
A – High  
B – Low

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## Phosphorus (P) Quiz Ans

<b>Q 1. How much P removed in 1,000 litres of milk?</b>	<b>Q 2. How much P is required to grow 1 ton Grass DM?</b>
<b>Answer</b> B – 1 kg / 1,000 litres	<b>Answer</b> B – 4 kg / t DM
<b>Q 3. When is the best time to apply P?</b>	<b>Q 4. Is cattle slurry high or low in P?</b>
<b>Answer</b> A – Springtime	<b>Answer</b> B – Low

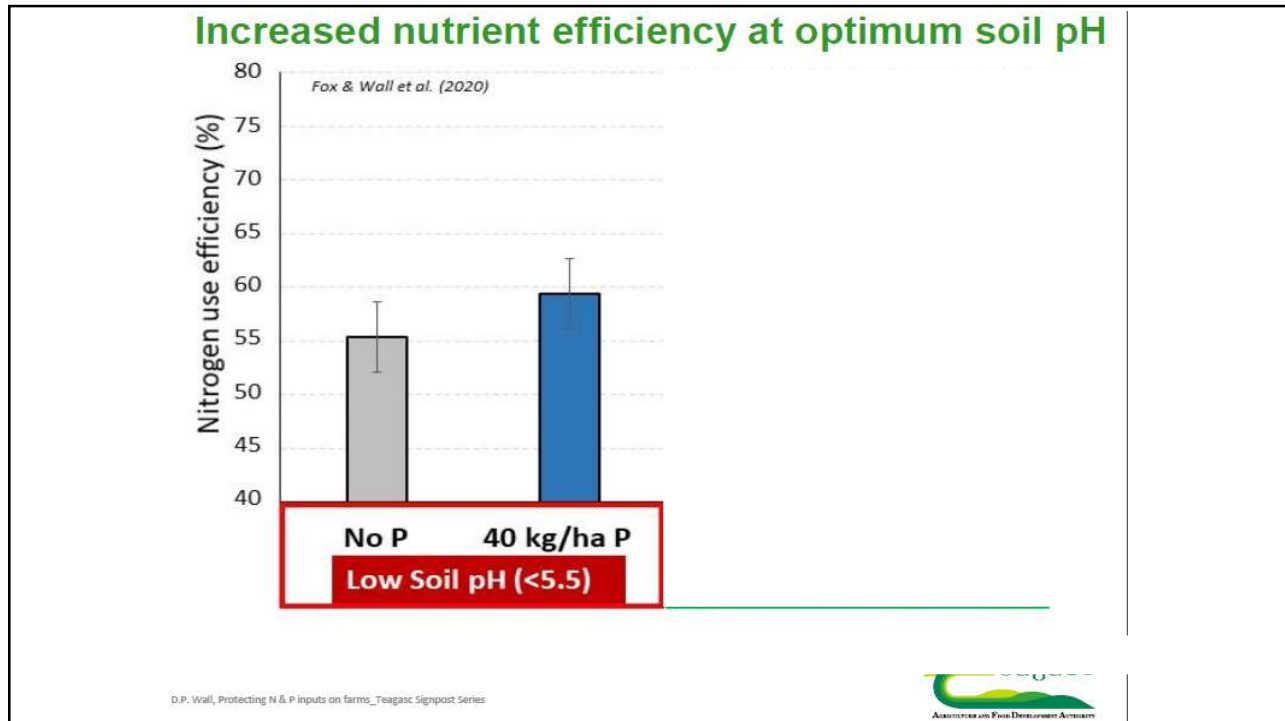
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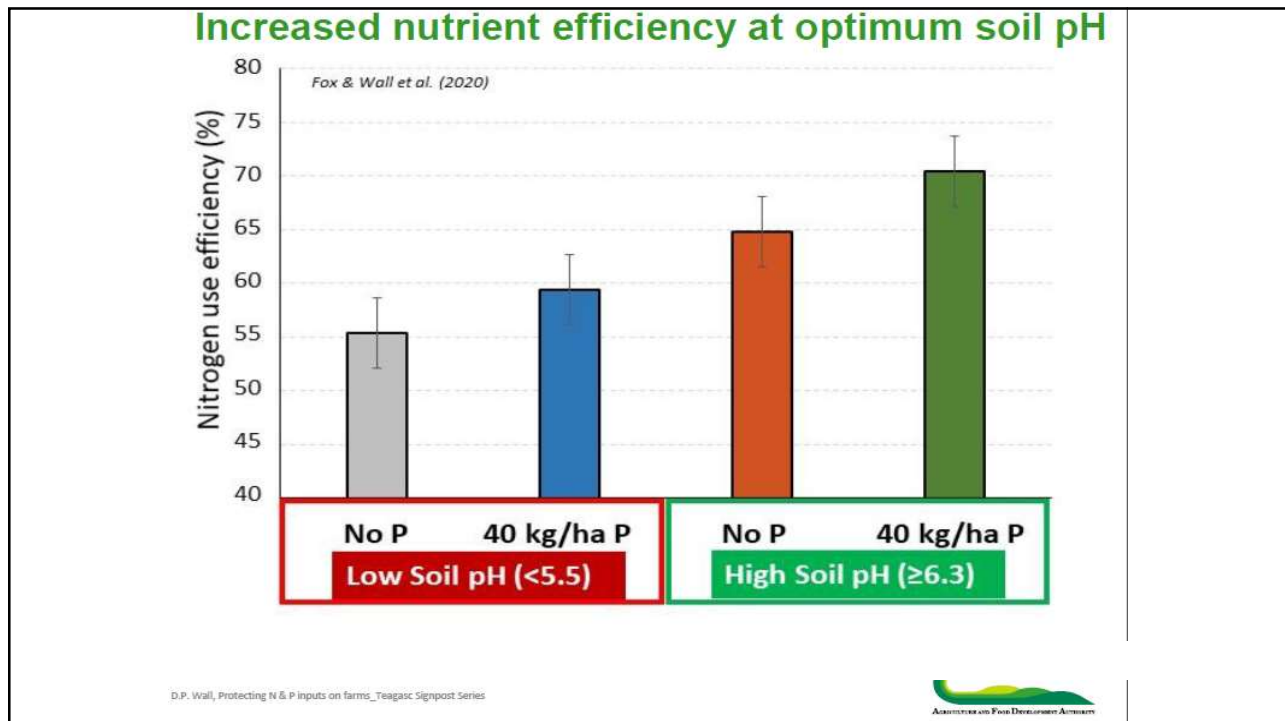
# Phosphorus Build Up

For grassland farms stocked above 130kg organic N/ha

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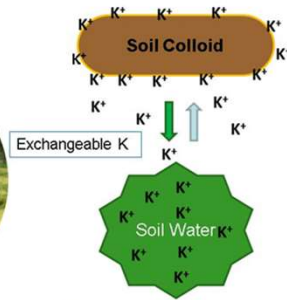


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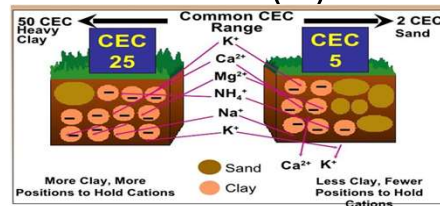
# Potassium (K)



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# Role & Function of Potassium (K)

- Soils & supply
- N uptake & efficiency
- Similar uptake to N
- K easily leached
- Majority K recycled (90%)
- Silage & off-takes
- Slurry role & K return



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## Potassium (K) Quiz

<b>Q 1. How much K removed in 1,000 litres of milk?</b>	<b>Q 2. How much K is required to grow 1 ton Grass DM?</b>
<b>Answer</b> A – 1.5kg/ 1,000 litres B – 10 kg / 1,000 litres	<b>Answer</b> A – 25kg / t DM B – 5 kg / t DM
<b>Q 3. When is the best time to apply extra K for build-up?</b>	<b>Q 4. Is cattle slurry high or low in K?</b>
<b>Answer</b> A – Springtime B – Autumn time	<b>Answer</b> A – High B – Low

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## Potassium (K) Quiz - Answers

<b>Q 1. How much K removed in 1,000 litres of milk?</b>	<b>Q 2. How much K is required to grow 1 ton Grass DM?</b>
<b>Answer</b> A – 1.5kg/ 1,000 litres	<b>Answer</b> A – 25kg / t DM
<b>Q 3. When is the best time to apply extra K for build-up?</b>	<b>Q 4. Is cattle slurry high or low in K?</b>
<b>Answer</b> B – Autumn time	<b>Answer</b> A – High

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## Fertiliser Advice for Grass Silage Crops

**Recommended rates of K for 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> & 3<sup>rd</sup> cut grass silage**

Soil Index	1 <sup>st</sup> Cut 6 t/ha DM	2 <sup>nd</sup> Cut 3 t/ha DM	3 <sup>rd</sup> Cut 2 t/ha DM	Total K kg/ha (units/ac)
1	210	75	50	<b>335 (268)</b>
2	180	75	50	<b>305 (244)</b>
3	150	75	50	<b>275 (220)</b>
4	0	0	0	<b>0</b>

*On Index 4 soils omit K for one year and revert back to Index 3 advice until next soil test.  
Adjust K advice by +/- 25kg K/ha per tonne of grass DM.*



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## Replace P & K removed in surplus grass!

- Each tonne of Grass DM removes
  - 4kg P/ha
  - 25kg K/ha

*For example 2,000 kg Grass DM / ha removes:*

- 8kg P/ha (6 units/ac)
- 50 kg K/ha (40 units/ac)

**Need to replace P & K removed!** =

- 1,500 gals/ac Cattle slurry (6% DM)

Or

- 2.0 bags/ac N-P-K:15-3-20






4 bales  
/ac



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## How much P and K to replace offtake?

	P (kg)	K (kg)	
<b>Milk (1,000 litres)</b>	1	1 - 1.5	
<b>Meat (Live wt.) (100 kg)</b>	1	0.5 - 1	
<b>Silage (1 ton DM)</b>	4	25	

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## How much P & K Removed?



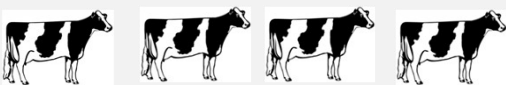
5,000L / Cow

Stocking Rate / ha	Product	P (kg)	K (kg)
	10,000L Milk	10	15
	15,000L Milk	15	23
	20,000L Milk	20	30

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## How much P & K Removed?



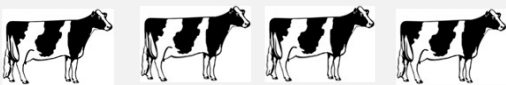
6,000L / Cow

Stocking Rate / ha	Product	P (kg)	K (kg)
	12,000L Milk	12	15
	18,000L Milk	18	27
	24,000L Milk	24	36

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## How much P & K Removed?

7,000L / Cow - Update

Stocking Rate / ha	Product	P (kg)	K (kg)
	14,000L Milk	14	21
	21,000L Milk	21	32
	28,000L Milk	28	42

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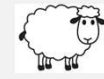
## P & K advice – replacing offtake



Stocking Rate (LU/ha)		1.5-2.0	2.0-2.5	2.5-3.0	> 3.0
<b>Dairy - Maintenance</b>		<b>P – K advice</b>			
kg/ha		14 – 30	19 – 35	23 – 40	27 – 45
Standard P Build-Up					
Build – Up	Index 1	20 – 60	20 – 60	20 – 60	20 – 60
	Index 2	10 – 30	10 – 30	10 – 30	10 – 30
Extra P Available					
Build – Up	Index 1	50 – 60	50 – 60	50 – 60	50 – 60
	Index 2	30 – 30	30 – 30	30 – 30	30 – 30

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## How much P & K Removed - Drystock?

Stocking Rate / ha	Product	P (kg)	K (kg)
	750kg Meat	7.5	7.5
	1500kg Meat	15	15
 X 10	500 kg Meat	5	5
 X 20	1,00kg Meat	10	10

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## Drystock P & K advice – Offtake & Build-Up



Stocking Rate (LU/ha)		<1.5	1.5-2.0	2.0-2.5	2.5-3.0
<b>Drystock - Maintenance</b>		<b>P – K advice</b>			
kg/ha		7 – 10	10 – 55	13 – 20	16 – 55
Standard P Build-Up					
<i>Build – Up</i>	<i>Index 1</i>	20 – 60	20 – 60	20 – 60	20 – 60
	<i>Index 2</i>	10 – 30	10 – 30	10 – 30	10 – 30
Extra P Available					
<i>Build – Up</i>	<i>Index 1</i>	--	--	50 – 60	50 – 60
	<i>Index 2</i>	--	--	30 – 30	30 – 30

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## P & K Summary

- Target P & K Index 3
- Fertilise to grass yield potential
- Select suitable fertiliser N-P-K blend
- Soil P build-up will depend on soil type
- Watch K levels
- Recycle cattle to maintain soil K levels
- Build soil K levels in the Autumn

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## Soil Test Results – P, K

Test Results		Laboratory Results							
Field/NMP	Crop	pH	P		K		OM	Other	LR
			mg/l	Index	mg/l	Index	%	*	t/ha
8	Good Permanent Grass	6.8	9.3	4	287.0	4			1.5
7	Good Permanent Grass	7.0	6.1	3	145.0	3			XSL
9	Good Permanent Grass	6.8	5.7	3	148.0	3			XSL
16	Good Permanent Grass	6.7	2.3	1	123.0	3			1.5
15	Good Permanent Grass	6.3	1.3	1	113.0	3			3.5
14	Good Permanent Grass	5.9	1.6	1	136.0	3			6.0

Nutrient Test Results - On Mineral Soil - Good Permanent Grass						Nutrient Advice - Assuming 22C Manure	
Soil Index							
Nutrient	Result	Very Low (1)	Low (2)	Medium (3)	Sufficient (4)	/ha	/ac
pH	5.9					6.00 t	2.4 t
N	15.0 R. 160Kg OrgN/ha					153 kg	122 units
P	1.6 mg/l					27 kg	22 units
K	136.0 mg/l					0 kg	0 units
Mg							
SMP pH	6.2						
Soil Nutrient Supply		Very Low	Low	Medium	Sufficient		

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## Group Soil P & K Results – Discuss

Farmers bring in there own soil test results & discuss

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## Role & Function of Sulphur (S)

- Soils & supply
- N uptake & efficiency
  - DM prod
  - Clover
- Similar uptake to P
- Silage & Grazing

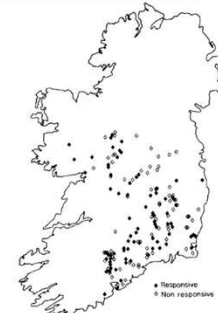
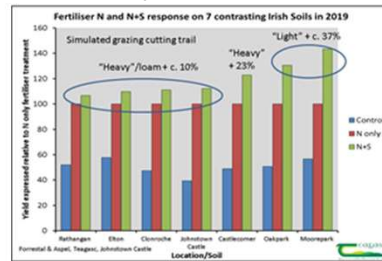
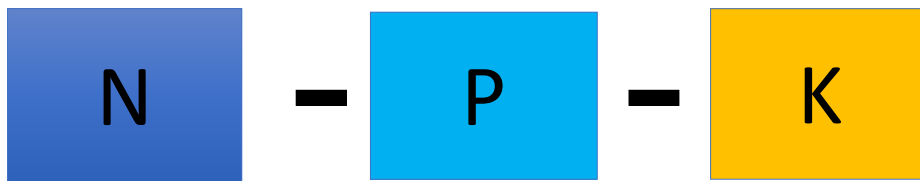


Fig. 2: Location of experimental sites, 1974 to 1984

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## Utilising Major Cattle Slurry Nutrients



*Organic fertilisers generated on farms can effectively replace a proportion of chemical fertilisers*

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## Nitrogen Sources

- **Straight N** ✗
  - Urea
  - **Protected Urea** ✗
  - CAN
  - **N +S** ( 3 to 14%)
- **Straights**
  - 16% P / 50% K
- **Blends** ✗
  - 18-6-12 / 18-4-12
  - 29-0-14 +S
  - 27's
  - 24's



✓ **S + N good option**

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## N, P, K & S.. Types

- 18-6-12 +S
  - 18-4-12 +S
  - 23-10-0 +S
  - 29-0-14 +S
  - Etc....
- 
- 13-6-20 +S
  - 10-5-25 / 0-7-30
  - 15-3-20 +S
  - 50% K
  - Request any blend

**P & K Sources  
Grazing**

**P & K Sources  
Silage / Maize**



**S available in  
compounds**

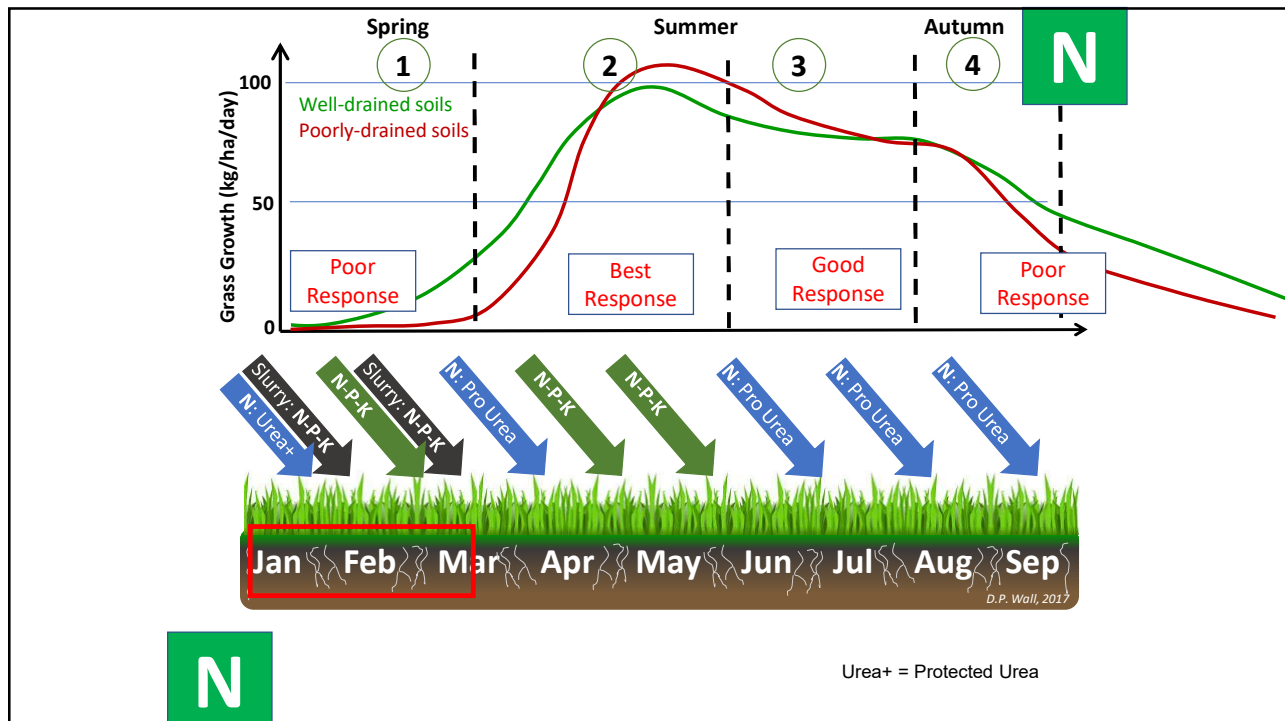
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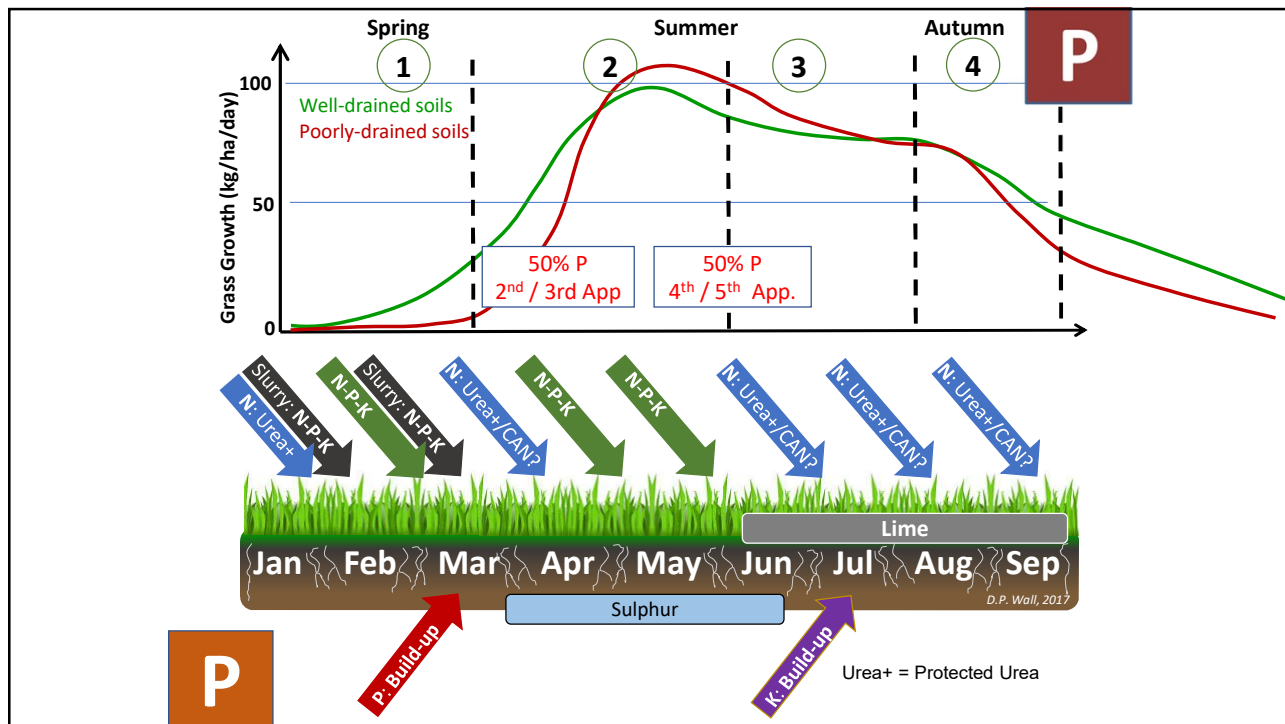
# Timing of Application of Fertiliser N, P, K & S



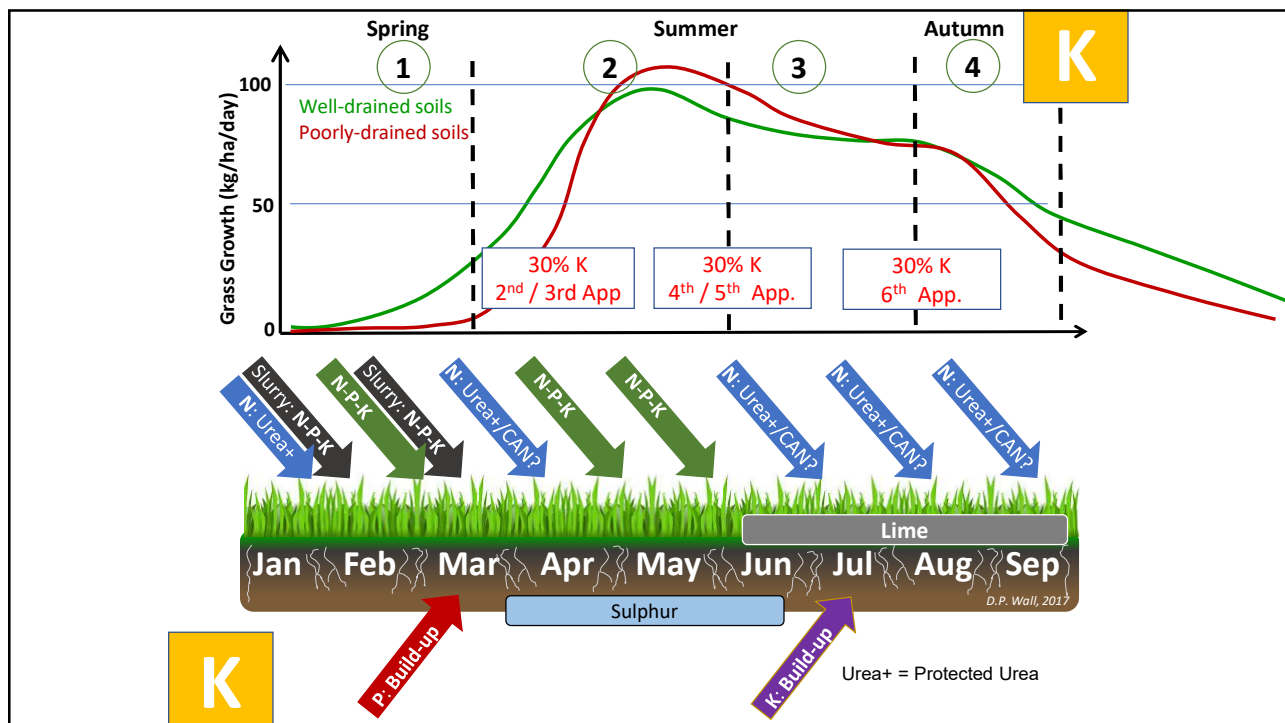
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Example fertiliser programmes & products (kg/ha)  
*Fertiliser Programmes not adjusted for conc.*  
**Fertiliser Programmes - Dairy**  
*Products Used*

*Protected Urea 46% N - Pro Urea*

*Protected Urea 40% N + 6% S - Pro Urea+S*

*Protected Urea 29% N + 14% K & 3.5% S - 29-0-14 +S*

*18-6-12 + 3% S, 13-6-20 + S*

*Note Fertiliser prices spring 2020*

*Suggested Fertiliser programmes & timing adjust for group training*

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<b>Dairy</b>	<b>Rates of N, P &amp; K (kg/ha) &amp; fertiliser products (kg/ha) - Dry Soil</b>						
	Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha.						
	Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>						
<b>Advice</b>	<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	
<b>Product (kg/ha)</b>	45 kg/ha ProUrea	250 kg/ha 18-6-12+S	110kg/ha Pro Urea	225 kg/ha 18-6-12+S	55 kg/ha Pro Urea	45 kg/ha ProUrea	<b>Total kg/ha</b>
<b>N</b>	<b>200</b>	20	45	50	40	25	20
<b>P</b>	<b>29</b>		15		14		29
<b>K</b>	<b>65</b>		30		27		57
<b>S</b>	<b>15</b>		8		7		15
<b>Cost €/ha</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>€273/ha</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t, 29-0-14 + S - €380            18-6-12+ 3% S - €360, 18-6-12 - €350. 18-4-12+ S €350/tonne</i>							

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<b>Dairy</b>		<b>Rates of N, P &amp; K (kg/ha) &amp; fertiliser products (kg/ha) - Wet Soil</b>					
Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha. Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>							
<b>Advice</b>		<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total kg/ha</b>
<b>Product (kg/ha)</b>		100kg/ha Pro Urea	250 kg/ha 18-6-12+S	110 kg/ha ProUrea	225 kg/ha 18-6-12+S	45 kg/ha ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>200</b>	45	45	50	40	20	<b>200</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>29</b>		15		14		<b>27</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>65</b>		30		27		<b>63</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>15</b>		8		7		<b>15</b>
<b>Cost €/ha</b>		<b>38</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>€273/ha</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18-6-12 +S = €370/tonne</i>							

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<b>Dairy</b>		<b>Rates of N, P &amp; K (kg/ha) &amp; fertiliser products (kg/ha) - Dry Soil</b>						
Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha. Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>								
<b>Advice</b>		<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total kg/ha</b>
<b>Product (kg/ha)</b>		55 kg/ha ProUrea	275 kg/ha 18-4-12+S	110kg/ha Pro Urea	275 kg/ha 18-4-12+S	60 kg/ha Pro Urea	60 kg/ha ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>225</b>	25	50	50	50	27	28	<b>225</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>29</b>		17		11			<b>28</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>65</b>		33		33			<b>66</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>12</b>		8		8			<b>18</b>
<b>Cost €/ha</b>		<b>21</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>€304/ha</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-6-12+ 3% S - €360, 18-6-12 - €350. 18-4-12+ S €350/tonne</i>								

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<b>Dairy</b>		Rates of N, P & K (kg/ha) & fertiliser products (kg/ha) - <b>Wet Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha. Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>					
<b>Advice</b>		<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total kg/ha</b>
<b>Product (kg/ha)</b>		110kg/ha Pro Urea	275 kg/ha 18-6-12+S	110 kg/ha ProUrea	250 kg/ha 18-4-12+S	65 kg/ha ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>225</b>	50	50	50	45	30	<b>225</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>29</b>		17		10		<b>27</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>65</b>		33		30		<b>63</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>20</b>		8		8		<b>18</b>
<b>Cost €/ha</b>		<b>42</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>€299/ha</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18-6-12 +S = €370/tonne</i>							

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<b>Dairy</b>		Rates of N, P & K (kg/ha) & fertiliser products (kg/ha) - <b>Dry Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha. Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>						
<b>Advice</b>		<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total kg/ha</b>
<b>Product (kg/ha)</b>		55 kg/ha ProUrea	310 kg/ha 18-4-12+S	125kg/ha Pro Urea	310 kg/ha 18-4-12+S	60 kg/ha Pro Urea	60 kg/ha ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>250</b>	25	56	58	56	27	28	<b>250</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>29</b>		12		12			<b>24</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>65</b>		37		37			<b>74</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>12</b>		9		9			<b>18</b>
<b>Cost €/ha</b>		<b>21</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>€333/ha</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18-6-20+ S €370/tonne</i>								

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<b>Dairy</b>		Rates of N, P & K (kg/ha) & fertiliser products (kg/ha) - <b>Wet Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha. Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>					
<b>Advice</b>		<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total kg/ha</b>
<b>Product (kg/ha)</b>		125kg/ha Pro Urea	310 kg/ha 18-6-12+S	120 kg/ha ProUrea	250 kg/ha 18-4-12+S	65 kg/ha ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>250</b>	58	56	55	45	30	<b>244</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>29</b>		19		10		<b>29</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>65</b>		37		30		<b>67</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>20</b>		9		8		<b>17</b>
<b>Cost €/ha</b>		<b>48</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>€316/ha</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18'-6-12 +S = €370/tonne</i>							

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Example fertiliser programmes & products  
(Units/ha)

## Fertiliser Programmes - Dairy

*Fertiliser Programmes not adjusted for conc.*

**Products Used**

**Protected Urea 46% N - Pro Urea**

*Protected Urea 40% N + 6% S - Pro Urea+S*

*Protected Urea 29% N + 14% K & 3.5% S - 29-0-14 +S*

*18-6-12 + 3% S, 13-6-20 + S*

*Note Fertiliser prices spring 2020*

*Suggested Fertiliser programmes & timing adjust for group training*

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<b>Dairy</b>		Rates of N, P & K (units/ac) & fertiliser products (units/ac) - <b>Dry Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 1.0LU/ac Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>						
<b>Advice</b>		<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total units/ac</b>
<b>Product (un/ac)</b>		0.35bg/ac ProUrea	2 bags/ac 18-6-12+S	0.9bags/ac Pro Urea	1.8bags/ac 18-6-12+S	0.4bags/ac Pro Urea	0.4bgs/ac ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>160</b>	16	35	45	32	16	16	<b>160</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>23</b>		12		11			<b>23</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>52</b>		24		22			<b>46</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>12</b>		6		7			<b>12</b>
<b>Cost €/ac</b>		<b>7</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>€110/ac</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S - €380t, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-6-12+ 3% S - €360, 18-6-12 - €350. 18-4-12+ S €350/tonne</i>								

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<b>Dairy</b>		Rates of N, P & K (units/ac) & fertiliser products (units/ac) – <b>Wet Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 1.0LU/ac Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>					
<b>Advice</b>		<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total units/ac</b>
<b>Product (un/ac)</b>		0.8 bg/ac Pro Urea	2 bags/ac 18-6-12+S	0.9bg/ac ProUrea	1.8bg/ac 18-6-12+S	0.4bg/ac ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>160</b>	36	36	40	32	16	<b>160</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>23</b>		12		11		<b>23</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>52</b>		24		20		<b>44</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>12</b>		6		5		<b>11</b>
<b>Cost €/ac</b>		<b>15</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>€110/ac</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S - €380t, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18-6-12 + S = €370/tonne</i>							

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<b>Dairy</b>		Rates of N, P & K (units/ac) & fertiliser products (units/ac) - <b>Dry Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 1.0LU/ac Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>						
<b>Advice</b>		<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total units/ac</b>
<b>Product (un/ac)</b>		0.4bag/ac ProUrea	2.25bg/ac 18-6-12+S	0.9bg/ac Pro Urea	2.25bg/ac 18-6-12+S	0.4bg/ac Pro Urea	0.4bg/ac ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>180</b>	20	40	40	40	20	20	<b>180</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>23</b>		9		9			<b>18</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>52</b>		27		27			<b>66</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>12</b>		7		7			<b>18</b>
<b>Cost €/ac</b>		<b>8</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>€119/ac</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-6-12+ 3% S - €360, 18-6-12 - €350. 18-4-12+ S €350/tonne</i>								

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<b>Dairy</b>		Rates of N, P & K (units/ac) & fertiliser products (units/ac) - <b>Wet Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 1.0LU/ac Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>					
<b>Advice</b>		<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June / July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total units/ac</b>
<b>Product (un/ac)</b>		0.9bag/ac Pro Urea	2.25bg/ac 18-6-12+S	0.9bag/ac Pro Urea	2 bg/ac 18-4-12+S	0.5bg/ac ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>180</b>	40	40	40	36	24	<b>225</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>23</b>		14		8		<b>27</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>52</b>		27		24		<b>63</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>12</b>		7		6		<b>18</b>
<b>Cost €/ac</b>		<b>17</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>€122/ac</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18-6-12 +S = €370/tonne</i>							

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<b>Dairy</b>		<b>Rates of N, P &amp; K (units/ac) &amp; fertiliser products (units/ac) - Dry Soil</b>						
Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 1.0LU/ac								
Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>								
Advice		Feb	March	April	May	June / July	Sept	Total units/ac
<b>Product</b> (units/ac)		0.4 bags/ac ProUrea	2.5bags/ac 18-4-12+S	1 bag/ac Pro Urea	2.5bags/ac 18-4-12+S	0.5 bag/ac Pro Urea	0.4bag/ac Pro Urea	
<b>N</b>	<b>200</b>	20	45	46	45	23	20	<b>199</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>23</b>		10		10			<b>20</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>52</b>		30		30			<b>60</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>16</b>		8		8			<b>16</b>
<b>Cost€/ac</b>		8	44	19	44	10	8	<b>€135/ac</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18-6-12+S €370/tonne</i>								

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<b>Dairy</b>		<b>Rates of N, P &amp; K (units/ac) &amp; fertiliser products (bags/ac) - Wet Soil</b>					
Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 1.0LU/ac.							
Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 2</b>							
Advice		March	April	May	June / July	Sept	Total units/ac
<b>Product</b> (units/ac)		1 bag/ac Pro Urea	2.5 bags/ac 18-6-12+S	1 bag/ac ProUrea	2 bags/ac 18-4-12+S	0.5 bag/ac ProUrea	
<b>N</b>	<b>200</b>	46	45	46	36	23	<b>196</b>
<b>P</b>	<b>23</b>		15		8		<b>23</b>
<b>K</b>	<b>52</b>		30		24		<b>54</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>16</b>		8		6		<b>14</b>
<b>Cost €/ac</b>		<b>19</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>€128/ac</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT - €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-4-12+ 3% S - €350, 18-4-12 - €340. 18-6-12+S €370/tonne</i>							

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# Fertiliser Programmes - Drystock

## Example fertiliser programmes & products (kg/ha)

*Fertiliser Programmes not adjusted for conc.*

*Products Used*

*Protected Urea 46% N - Pro Urea*

*Protected Urea 40% N + 6% S - Pro Urea+S*

*Protected Urea 29% N + 14% K & 3.5% S - 29-0-14 +S*

*18-6-12 + 3% S, 13-6-20 . Note Fertiliser prices spring 2020*

*Recommended N, P & K Rates as per Teagasc Green Book*

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<b>Drystock</b>		Recommended rates of N, P & K (kg/ha) & fertiliser products (kg/ha). <b>Dry Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha. Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 1.</b>						
Advice		Feb	March	April	May	June /July	Sept	
<b>Product</b> (kg/ha)		15m <sup>3</sup> /ha Cattle Slurry	195 kg/ha 18-6-12 +S	75 kg/ha ProUrea	195 kg/ha 18-6-12 +S	55 kg/ha ProUrea	45 kg/ha Pro Urea	<b>Total</b> <b>Kg/ha</b>
<b>N</b>	<b>175</b>	15	35	35	35	25	20	165
<b>P</b>	<b>33</b>	6	12		12			30
<b>K</b>	<b>80</b>	48	23		23			94
<b>S</b>	<b>20</b>	--	6		6			12
<b>Cost €/ha</b>		--	72	29	72	21	16.5	<b>€211/ha</b>
<p><i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT, Cost/tonne = €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-6-12+ 3% S - €370, 18-6-12 - €360. 125kg/ha of MOP 50% once every 4 years.</i></p>								

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<b>Drystock</b>		Recommended rates of N, P & K (kg/ha) & fertiliser products (kg/ha). <b>Wet Soil</b> Farm stocked at 210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha. Soil P and K levels assumed to be <b>index 1.</b>					
<b>Advice</b>		<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June /July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total Kg/ha</b>
<b>Product</b> (kg/ha)		85 kg/ha ProUrea	305 kg/ha 18-6-12 +S	250 kg/ha 18-6-12 +S	110 kg/ha ProUrea	85 kg/ha 29-0-14+S	
<b>N</b>	<b>215</b>	40	55	45	50	25	215
<b>P</b>	<b>33</b>		18	15			33
<b>K</b>	<b>80</b>		37	30		12	79
<b>S</b>	<b>20</b>		9	8		3	20
<b>Cost €/ha</b>		32	113	93	42	32	<b>€ 312/ha</b>
<i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT, Cost/tonne = €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S - €380t/ 29-0-14 + S - €380 18-6-12 + 3% S - €370, 18-6-12 - €360.</i>							

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## Fertiliser Programmes - Drystock

Example fertiliser programmes & products  
(units/ac)

*Fertiliser Programmes not adjusted for conc.*

*Products Used*

*Protected Urea 46% N - Pro Urea*

*Protected Urea 40% N + 6% S - Pro Urea+S*

*Protected Urea 29% N + 14% K & 3.5% S - 29-0-14 +S*

*18-6-12 + 3% S, 13-6-20 Note Fertiliser prices spring 2020*

*Recommended N, P & K Rates as per Teagasc Green Book*

*Suggested Fertiliser programmes & timing adjust for group training*

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<b>Drystock</b>		N, P & K Advice (units/ac) & fertiliser products (bags/ac) – <b>Dry Soil</b> Farm stocked 0.8 LU/ac (170kg Org N/ha or 2.0LU/ha). Soil P and K levels assumed to be index 1.						
<b>Advice</b>		<b>Feb</b>	<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June /July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total Units/ac</b>
<b>Product</b> (units/ac)		0.4bag/ac ProUrea	2bags/ac 18-6-12 +S	0.8 bag/ac ProUrea	2bags/ac 18-6-12 +S	0.5bag/ac ProUrea	0.5 bag/ac 29-0-14+S	
<b>N</b>	<b>172</b>	20	36	36	36	24	16	172
<b>P</b>	<b>26</b>		12		12			24
<b>K</b>	<b>64</b>		24		24		7	55
<b>S</b>	<b>16</b>		6		6		2.5	14.5
<b>Cost €/ac</b>		8	37	15	37	10	13	<b>€120 /ac</b>
<p><i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT / 2-NBPT, Cost/tonne = €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + 4% S - €380 18-6-12+ 3% S - €370, 18-6-12 - €360. Apply 1 bag/ac of MOP 50% once every 4 years.</i></p>								

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<b>Drystock</b>		N, P & K Advice (units/ac) & fertiliser products (bags/ac) – <b>Wet Soil</b> Farm stocked 1.0 LU/ac (210kg Org N/ha or 2.5LU/ha). Soil P and K levels assumed to be index 1.					
<b>Advice</b>		<b>March</b>	<b>April</b>	<b>May</b>	<b>June /July</b>	<b>Sept</b>	<b>Total units/ac</b>
<b>Product</b> (units/ac)		0.7 bag/ac ProUrea	2.4 bags/ac 18-6-12 +S	2 bag/ac 18-6-12 +S	0.9 bags/ac ProUrea	0.7 bags/ac 29-0-14+S	
<b>N</b>	<b>172</b>	32	43	36	40	20	171
<b>P</b>	<b>26</b>		14	12			26
<b>K</b>	<b>64</b>		30	24		10	64
<b>S</b>	<b>16</b>		5	6		3	14
<b>Cost/ac</b>		13	44	37	17	13	<b>€124/ac</b>
<p><i>ProUrea = Urea 46% + NBPT / 2-NBPT, Cost/tonne = €380/t, ProUrea 40% N &amp; 6% S- €380t/, 29-0-14 + 4% S - €380 18-6-12+ 3% S - €370, 18-6-12 - €360.</i></p>							

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# Fertiliser Plan – What's in it?

**Derogation & P Buildup - Fertiliser Plan 2020**    **Derogation Training**

Name: Carlow Training Plan  
 Address: Oak Park  
 County (Zone): Carlow (A)  
 Herd No.: A1231234

This report contains the following:

- 1.) Cover Page
- 2.) Farm Summary of Soil fertility and fertiliser requirements
- 3.) Lime Report
- 4.) Fertiliser plan for the Farm
- 5.) Summary of All Livestock on the holding
- 6.) Soil Sample Results
- 7.) Storage Facilities on Farm
- 8.) Summary of Land areas, Cropping and max fertiliser allowances
- 9.) Concentrate feed usage on the farm in 2019
- 10.) Cereal crop yields where relevant

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# Summary of Farm Soil Fertility

**Farm & Soil fertility Summary**

Fertiliser Plan Summary		Carlow Training Plan	2020	Land Area	Ha	%
Herd No.	A1231234			Total	38.84	
Address	Oak Park			Grassland	38.84	100
County (Zone)	Carlow			Arable	0	0
Weeks Storage.	16 Weeks			Sampled Areas	38.84	100.00

\*Derogation Farm – whole farm must be soil tested

Closed Periods		Stocking Rates	
Chemical	15 September to 12 January	Whole Farm Stocking Rate	207.13 kg/Ha
Slurry	15 October to 12 January	Current years Grassland GSR	232.42 kg/Ha
FYM	1 November to 12 January	Previous GSR	220.00 kg/Ha

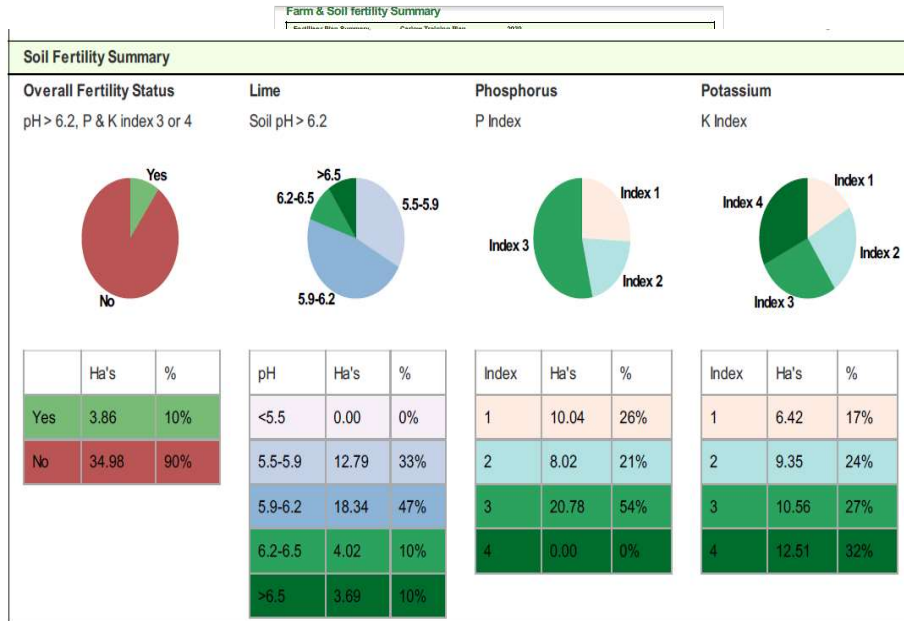
Line Planned	2020	2021	2022	2023	Mineral Soil	6.3	6.6
08 Tonnes	0 Tonnes	0 Tonnes	0 Tonnes	0 Tonnes	Organic Soil	5.5	5.6

Organic Manure Plan				Chemical Fertiliser Advice	
Fertiliser Name	Nkg	Pkg	Kkg	Fertiliser	Tonnes
Checks Recommended	800	300 (100%)	1200	Lime (80% / 80%)	0.00
Max Check Allowed	800	1200	2140	104-10	0.00
Overall Usage	800	1200	2140	100-10	0.00

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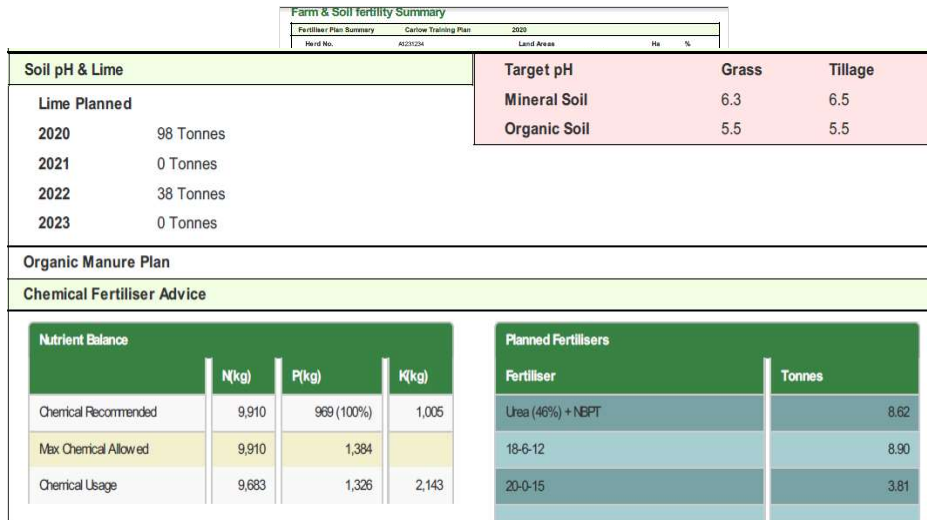
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# Summary of Farm Soil Fertility



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# Summary of Farm Soil Fertility



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## Soil Sample Results

### Soil Samples Results

Sample Id	Sample Code	Sample Date	Sampled Area (ha)	pH	Lime Req	P Value	KValue	Trace Elements	
								Soil Type	
CAG2491	SS9	02/02/2018	5.0	6.0	3.5	6.7	64.1	Clay	
CAG2489	SS11	02/02/2018	2.6	5.9	5.0	6.1	43.1	Clay	
CAG2490	SS10	02/02/2018	4.4	5.8	5.0	5.4	56.6	Clay	
CAG2492	SS8	02/02/2018	3.3	6.0	3.5	2.5	118.0	Clay	
CAG2493	SS7	02/02/2018	3.3	6.1	1.5	1.5	157.0	Clay	
CAG2494	SS6	02/02/2018	3.4	5.5	8.0	2.4	110.0	Clay	
CAG2496	SS4	02/02/2018	0.2	6.4	0.0	5.9	119.0	Clay	
CAG2495	SS5	02/02/2018	5.0	5.8	5.0	8.0	289.0	Clay	
CAG2497	SS3	02/02/2018	4.2	6.0	3.5	4.9	231.0	Clay	
CAG2498	SS2	02/02/2018	3.7	6.6	0.0	5.8	116.0	Clay	
CAG2499	SS1	02/02/2018	3.9	6.3	0.0	4.4	42.7	Clay	

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## Farm Liming Programme

### Lime Requirements

Plot Name	Crop	Area (ha)	Soil Sample Id	Soil Sample pH	Lime Req (T/ha)	Advised Lime			
						2020 (T/ha)	2021 (T/ha)	2022 (T/ha)	2023 (T/ha)
1	Grazing	5.0	CAG2491	6.0	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
1 a	Grazing	2.6	CAG2489	5.9	5.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
1 B	2 Out + Grazing	4.4	CAG2490	5.8	5.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
2 A	1 Out + Grazing	3.3	CAG2492	6.0	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 b	Grazing	3.3	CAG2493	6.1	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 c	2 Out + Grazing	3.4	CAG2494	5.5	8.0	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.0
3	2 Out + Grazing	0.2	CAG2496	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	Grazing	5.0	CAG2495	5.8	5.0	3.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
5 A	Grazing	4.2	CAG2497	6.0	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
5 B	1 Out + Grazing	3.7	CAG2498	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5 C	Grazing	3.9	CAG2499	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Annual Totals (tons)						98	0	38	0

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# Cattle Slurry / Fertilisers

**Fertiliser plan for the Farm**

Manure Allocations			
Fertiliser	Estimated T	Applied T	Balance T
Cattle Slurry	1,081	1,124	0
Pasture Manure	149	0	149
<b>Total P in Manures (Grazing + Non-Grazing 414.0)</b>			<b>334</b>

**Slurry Produced / Allocation**

**Nutrient Balance**

	N(kg)	P(kg)	N(kg)
Chemical Recommended	9,910	969 (100%)	1,005
Max Chemical Allowed	9,910	1,304	
Chemical Usage	9,683	1,328	2,143

**Max. N & P's**

**Fertiliser List**

Fertiliser	Volume
Urea (46%) + NEPT	5.0
18-6-12	5.0
20-0-15	3.0
24-7-5-0	3.0
24-7-5-0	3.0

**Fertiliser List**

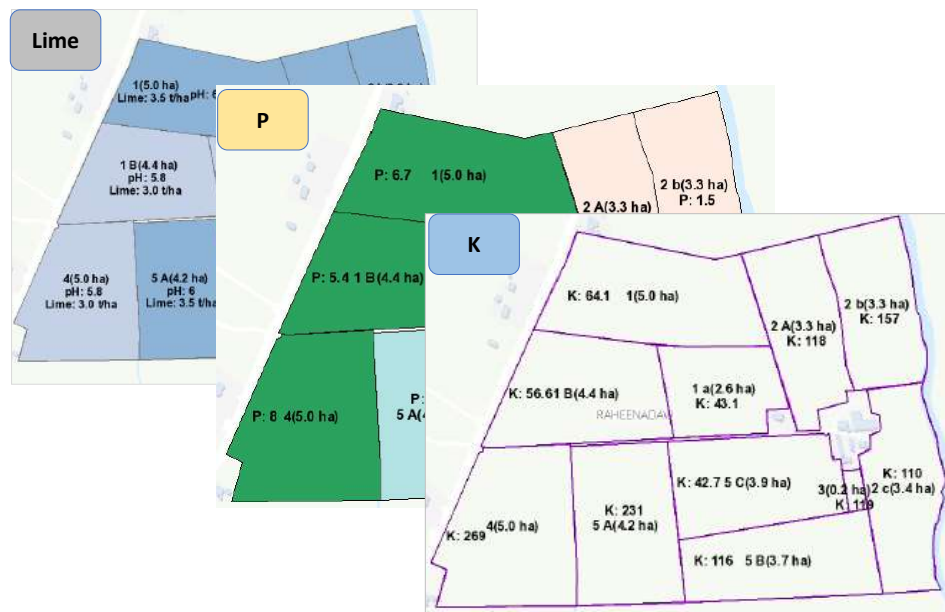
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# Fertiliser Splits

Plot/ha	Crop	SPP Soil Type	Index	Jan-Mar				Apr-May				June-July			
				Split 1		Split 2		Split 1		Split 2		Split 1		Split 2	
				Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate
1(S0)	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 2	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.8 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	2.0 Bags/Acre	20-0-15	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.6 Bags/Acre
1a(2.0)	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 1	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.8 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	2.0 Bags/Acre	20-0-15	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.6 Bags/Acre
1B(4.4)	2 Cut + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 2	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	3000.0 Gal/Acre	24-5-5	3.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	2500.0 Gal/Acre	25-5-5	3.0 Bags/Acre		
2A(3.3)	1 Cut + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 1 3	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	3000.0 Gal/Acre	24-5-5	3.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	2500.0 Gal/Acre	24-7-5-0	3.0 Bags/Acre		
2b(3.3)	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 1 4	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	3000.0 Gal/Acre	24-5-5	3.0 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	2500.0 Gal/Acre	24-5-5	2.0 Bags/Acre		
2c(3.4)	2 Cut + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 1 3	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	3000.0 Gal/Acre	24-5-5	3.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	2500.0 Gal/Acre	24-7-5-0	3.0 Bags/Acre		
3(0.2)	2 Cut + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 3	Urea (46%) + NEPT	1.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	3000.0 Gal/Acre			Urea (46%) + NEPT	2.0 Bags/Acre				
4(5.0)	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 4	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.8 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	2.0 Bags/Acre	20-0-15	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.6 Bags/Acre
5A(4.2)	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 2 4	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.8 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	2.0 Bags/Acre	20-0-15	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.6 Bags/Acre
5B(3.7)	1 Cut + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 3	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	3000.0 Gal/Acre	24-5-5	3.5 Bags/Acre	Cattle Slurry	2500.0 Gal/Acre	24-7-5-0	3.0 Bags/Acre		
5C(3.9)	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 2 1	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.8 Bags/Acre	18-6-12	2.0 Bags/Acre	20-0-15	1.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NEPT	0.6 Bags/Acre

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## Maps



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## In Summary

- Makes best use of soil test results
- Optimise soil pH
- Use applied N efficiently
- Optimum P & K – Index 3
- Watch K & S
- Update fertiliser plan
- Plan for 2021
- Identify Lime & Fertiliser Req.'s from fertiliser plan

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## Farming Sustainably Under Derogation NMP Online can help



### Derogation Training

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- Do a NMP for your farm to improve

- Value for your investment in soil fertility,
- Increasing grass growth,
- Reducing inputs,
- Water quality,
- Reducing GHG's / Ammonia



Win Win

NEW

- The Sustainable Fertiliser plan is NEW – ask your advisor



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## What to consider when completing NMP's



### “Sources” of nutrients, pathways, receptors

- OM maps
- Watercourses, streams and dry drains
- Sloped fields and fields prone to waterlogging
- Wells and water abstractions points
- Critical Source Areas
- Water quality in the area
- Farm roads/out-wintering/Farmyards
- Application of organic and chemical manures to low risk fields

**Must address soil types for every soil sample**

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**Consider drains/watercourses & buffer zones**



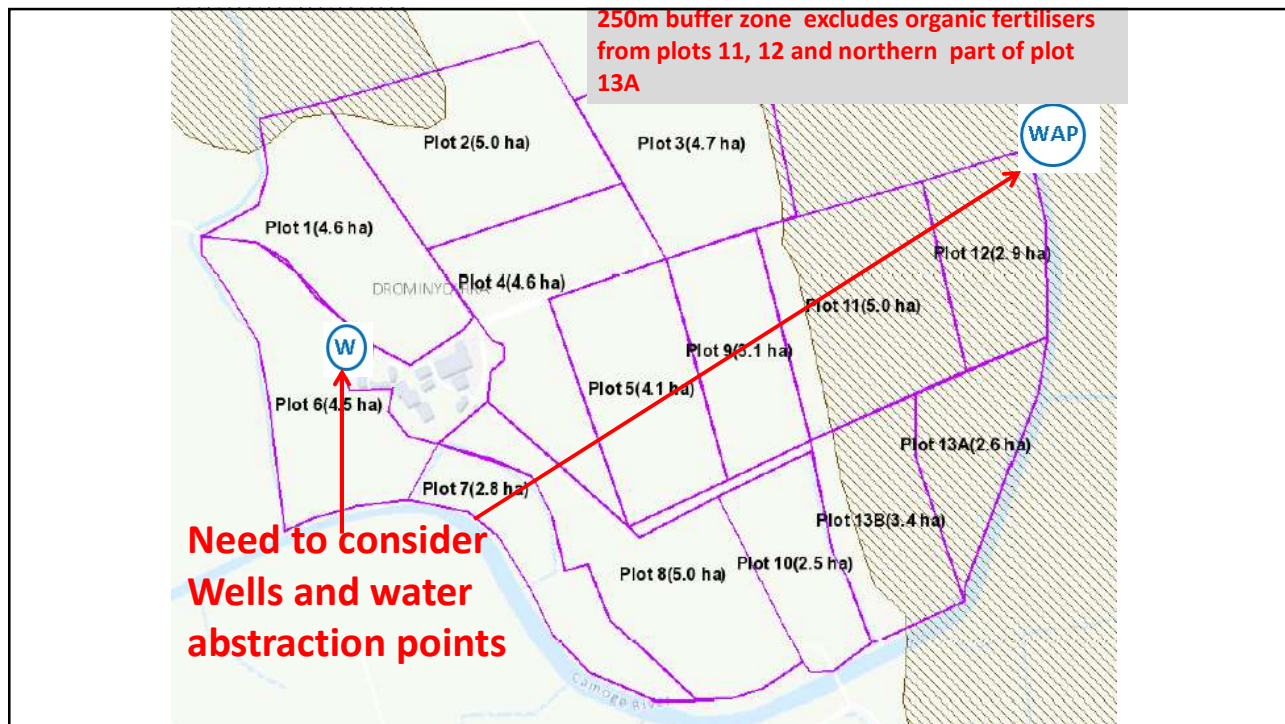
69

**Know your soil type**

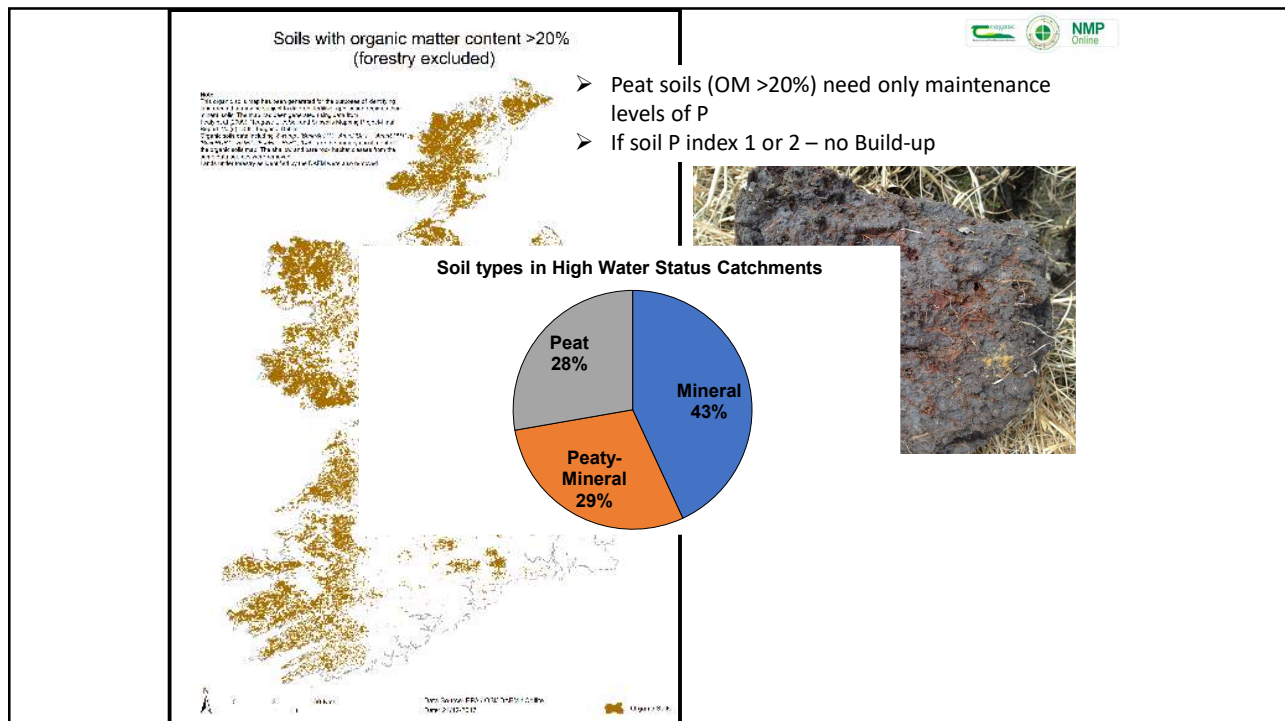
- Dry
- Wet
- Peat



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## High Organic Matter Soils

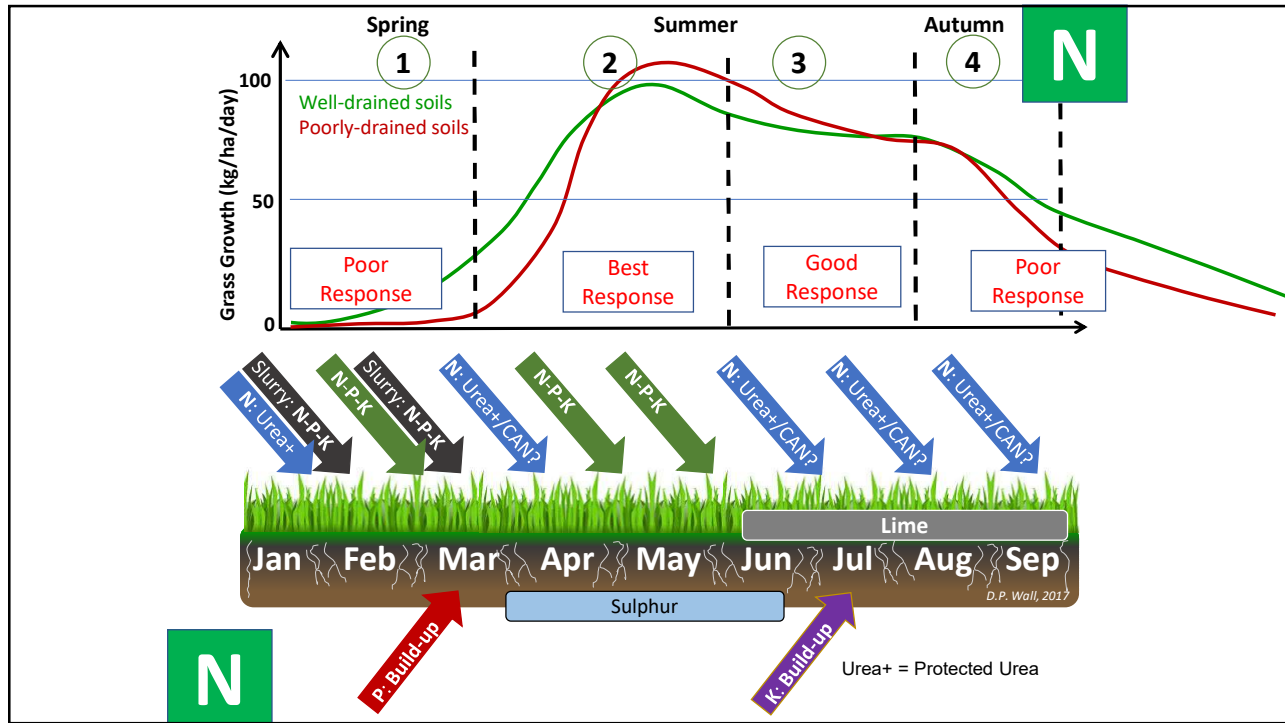
**Poor P retention capacities in organic matter rich soils !**  
**Maintenance P fertiliser only – No P build-up**

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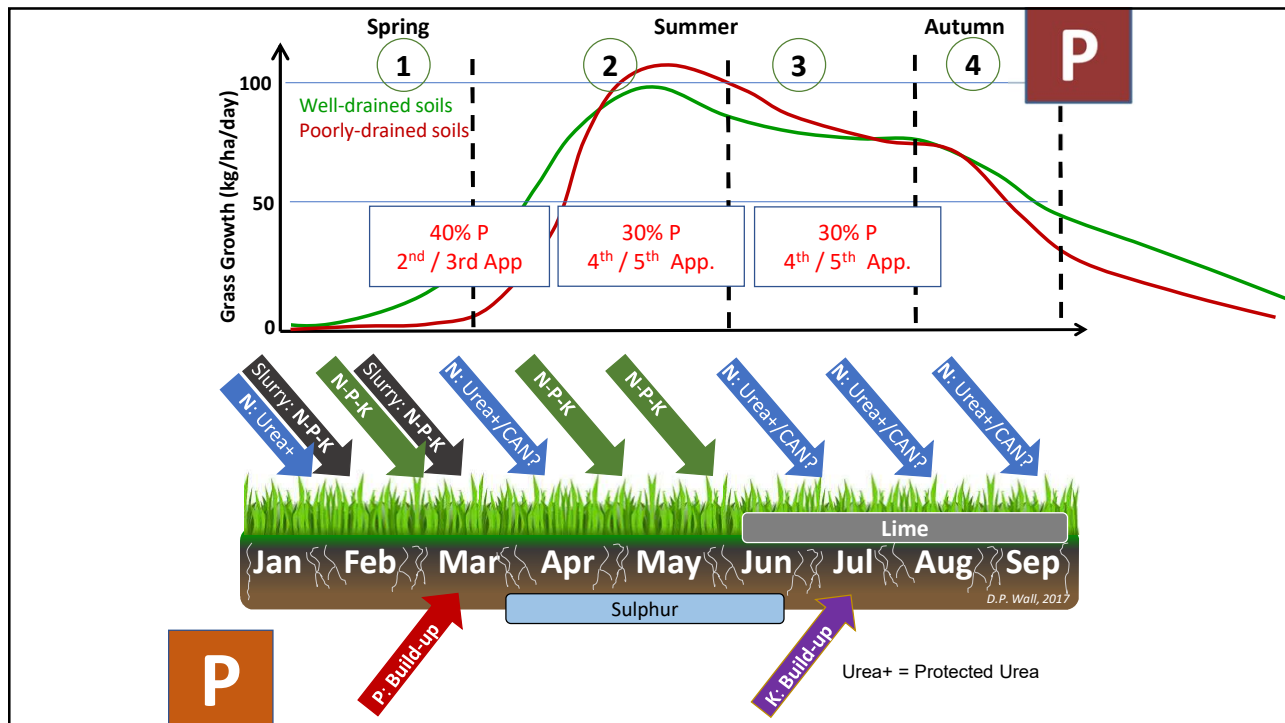
## P use on Peat soils

- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E7KXK3I\\_2Ns](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E7KXK3I_2Ns)

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Dry Soil			Wet Soil			Peat Soil		
Months	Split	Advice N   P   K   S Units/Acre	Months	Split	Advice N   P   K   S Units/Acre	Months	Split	Advice N   P   K   S Units/Acre
Jan-Mar	1	12   0   0   0	Jan-Mar	1	0   0   0   0	Jan-Mar	1	0   0   0   0
Jan-Mar	2	16   10   0   0	Jan-Mar	2	16   10   10   0	Jan-Mar	2	0   0   0   0
Jan-Mar	3	0   0   0   0	Jan-Mar	3	0   0   0   0	Jan-Mar	3	0   0   0   0
Apr-May	4	28   0   0   0	Apr-May	4	31   6   0   0	Apr-May	4	24   11   13   0
Apr-May	5	30   7   0   0	Apr-May	5	31   5   7   0	Apr-May	5	34   21   17   0
<b>Right Fertiliser – Right Place – Right Time – Right rate</b>								
June-July	7	26   7   0   0	June-July	7	28   5   7   0	June-July	7	30   2   16   0
June-July	8	21   0   0   0	June-July	8	24   0   0   0	June-July	8	28   2   15   0
June-July	9	0   0   0   0	June-July	9	0   0   0   0	June-July	9	0   0   0   0
Aug-Oct	10	21   0   0   0	Aug-Oct	10	19   0   0   0	Aug-Oct	10	19   11   12   0
Aug-Oct	11	21   0   0   0	Aug-Oct	11	16   0   0   0	Aug-Oct	11	16   0   0   0
Aug-Oct	12	0   0   0   0	Aug-Oct	12	0   0   0   0	Aug-Oct	12	0   0   0   0

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## What NMP Online will do

### Nitrogen advice on different soil types

- Dry soils =100% of yearly N allowance
- Wet Soils = 95% of yearly N Allowance
- Peat Soils = 85% of yearly N Allowance
- No difference in P or K advice for soil type
- The timing advice for P and K varies across soil type – example below.

Element	SR	Month + %	Month + %	Month + %
P index 2	<85	March @ 50%	May @ 50%	
P index 2	85 to 250	March @ 40%	May @ 30%	June @ 30%
K index 2	<85	April @ 50%	June @ 50%	
K index 2	85 to 250	March @ 40%	May @ 30%	June @ 30%

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# Fertiliser Plan

## SFP divides up the growing season into 4 periods

Fertiliser plan for the Farm

Soil Test Results				Planned Fertiliser				Nutrient Balance			
Fertiliser	Balance T	Applied T	Balance T	Fertiliser	Rate	Check	Balance	Plant	Plant	Plant	Plant
Calcium	702	0	702	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5	11.32	Check Recommended	10.28	88.60%	778	
Phosphorus	114	0	114	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5	24.55	Max Chemical Allowed	10.28	88.60%	836	
Potassium	484	0	484	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5	24.55	Check Usage	9.94	88.60%	375	

Plotting	Crop	SFP Soil Type	Index	Period 1		Period 2		Period 3		Period 4	
				Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate
1550	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 4	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre
1405b	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 1	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre
1844	2 Out + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 2	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre
2A33	1 Out + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 1 3	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre
2A33	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 1 4	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre
2A34	2 Out + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 1 3	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre
302	2 Out + Grazing + H...	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 3	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre
450	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 4	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea(46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre

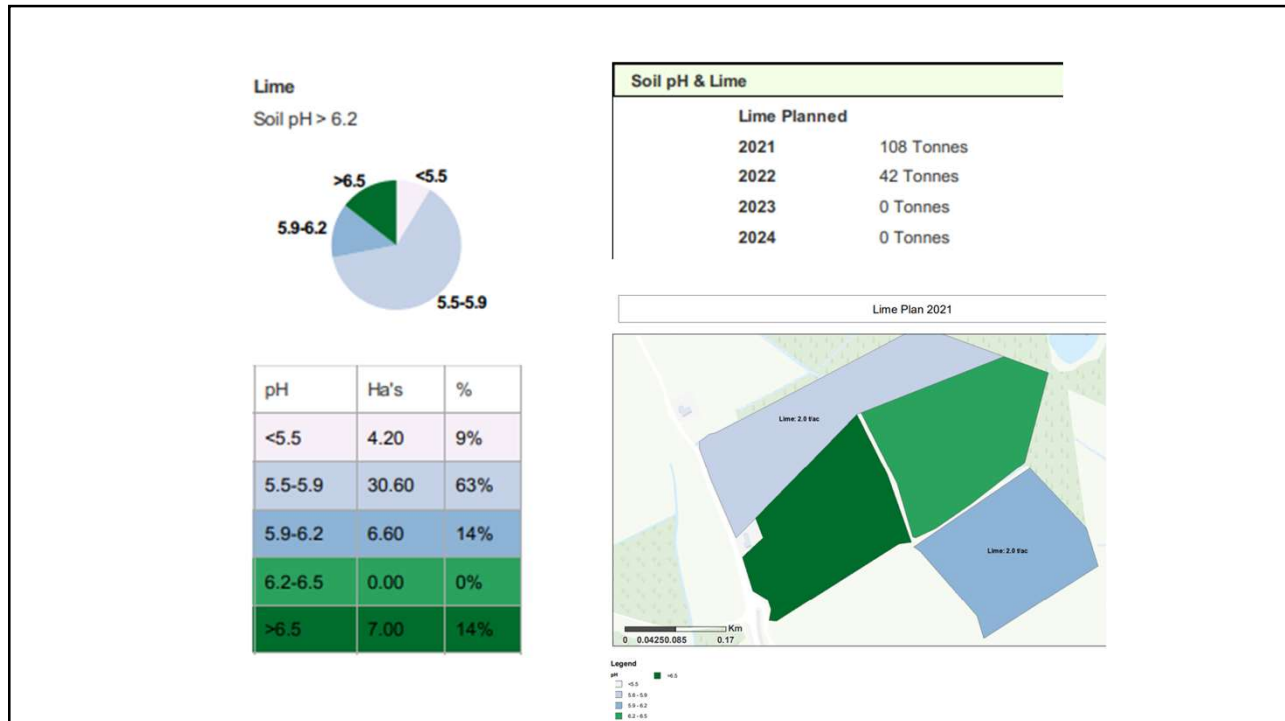
- Four periods
- Jan – March (Period 1)
- April, May (Period 2)
- June, July (Period 3)
- Aug – Oct (Period 4)
- Time fertiliser to soil type
- Match grass growth to fert
- Use Organic manure to replace 1 split
- Use Urea + where possible
- Save €€€€

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### Period 1

Plot(Ha)	Crop	SFP Soil Type	Index	Jan-Mar			
				Split 1		Split 2	
				Fertiliser	Rate	Fertiliser	Rate
01(1.0)	Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 4	Urea (46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	24-7.5-0	1.0 Bags/Acre
02 A(1.4)	1 Out + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 4 3	Urea (46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NBPT	2.0 Bags/Acre
02 B(1.8)	1 Out + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 2 3	Urea (46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	Urea (46%) + NBPT	2.0 Bags/Acre
03(1.1)	1 Out + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 4	Urea (46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	24-7.5-0	4.0 Bags/Acre
03 A(2.4)	1 Out + Grazing	Dry (well drained) ...	1 3 4	Urea (46%) + NBPT	0.5 Bags/Acre	24-7.5-0	4.0 Bags/Acre

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## Farm Liming Programme

Fields requiring highest level of lime are at the top

Liming programme for each field/year

### Lime Requirements

Plot Name	Crop	Area (Ha)	Soil Sample Id	Soil Sample pH	Lime Req (T/ha)	Advised Lime			
						2021 (T/ha)	2022 (T/ha)	2023 (T/ha)	2024 (T/ha)
7	Grazing	3.6	RAR7	5.5	10.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0
8	Maize	4.0	RAR8	5.6	7.5	4.0	3.5	0.0	0.0
2	Grazing + Reseed	3.8	RAR2	5.8	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	1 Cut + Grazing	3.5	RAR3	5.6	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	Grazing	4.0	RAR6	5.7	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	Grazing	3.5	RAR10	5.7	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plot 56	1 Cut + Grazing	4.3	RAR10	5.7	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	Grazing	3.3	RAR1	6.1	2.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
Plot 1	Grazing	2.0	SS1	6.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plot 2	1 Cut + Grazing	1.3	SS1	6.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Annual Totals (tonne)						108	42	0	0

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Fertiliser Plan Summary		Low K & Lime Plan		2020	
Herd No.	11271568	Land Areas		Total	58.86
Address	Low K & Lime Plan			Grassland	58.86
County (Zone)	Kildare			Arable	0
Soil pH & Lime		Target pH		Grass	Tillage
Lime Planned		Mineral Soil		6.3	6.5
2020	175 Tonnes	Organic Soil		5.5	5.5
2021	0 Tonnes				
2022	97 Tonnes				
2023	0 Tonnes				
Organic Manure Plan					
Chemical Fertiliser Advice					

Nutrient Balance			
	N(kg)	P(kg)	K(kg)
Chemical Recommended	14,715	1,541 (100%)	3,197
Max Chemical Allowed	14,715	3,632	
Chemical Usage	918	85	85

Planned Fertilisers	
Fertiliser	Tonnes
Urea (46%) + NBPT	1.07
25-5-5	1.71

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### Lime Requirements

Search:

Plot Name	Crop	Area (Ha)	Soil Sample Id	Soil Sample pH	Lime Req (T/Ha)	Advised Lime			
						2020 (T/Ha)	2021 (T/Ha)	2022 (T/Ha)	2023 (T/Ha)
13	2 Cut + Grazing	4.5	36	6.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
16	2 Cut Silage	2.9	33A	5.4	10.0	5.0	0.0	5.0	
17	2 Cut Silage	3.5	33B	5.2	11.3	6.0	0.0	5.0	
001	Grazing	2.1	56	6.5	1.5	0.0	0.0	2.5	
002	Grazing	2.0	55	6.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	
003	Grazing	1.9	54	5.0	12.0	6.0	0.0	6.0	
004	Grazing	1.7	53	6.1	1.5	0.0	0.0	2.5	
005	Grazing	3.3	52	6.3	1.5	0.0	0.0	2.5	
007	Grazing	1.6	50B	6.2	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	
008	Grazing	3.3	50A	5.8	6.0	4.9	0.0	2.5	
Annual Totals (tonnes)						175	0	97	0

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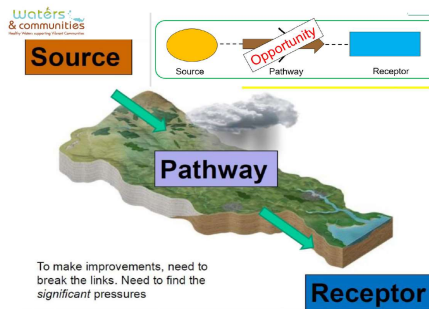
## Farm Map



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### What Causes Diffuse P & Sediment Loss?

1. Most losses from low permeability soils
2. Heavy rainfall leads to **overland flow of water**
3. P and soil sediment washed off into drains & streams

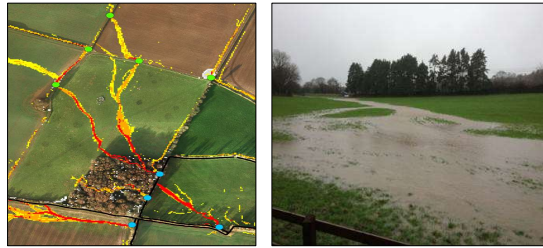


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### Fertiliser planning and Critical Source Areas (CSA's)

- Critical Source Areas (CSA's) are areas that are at highest risk of impacting a water body.
- Often low-lying parts of farms where runoff accumulates in high concentration.
- Runoff from CSA's carries sediment and nutrients (N & P) to waterways.
- Identification of CSA's necessary to reduce nutrient, sediment and pesticide losses.
- Important to apply appropriate farm management practices



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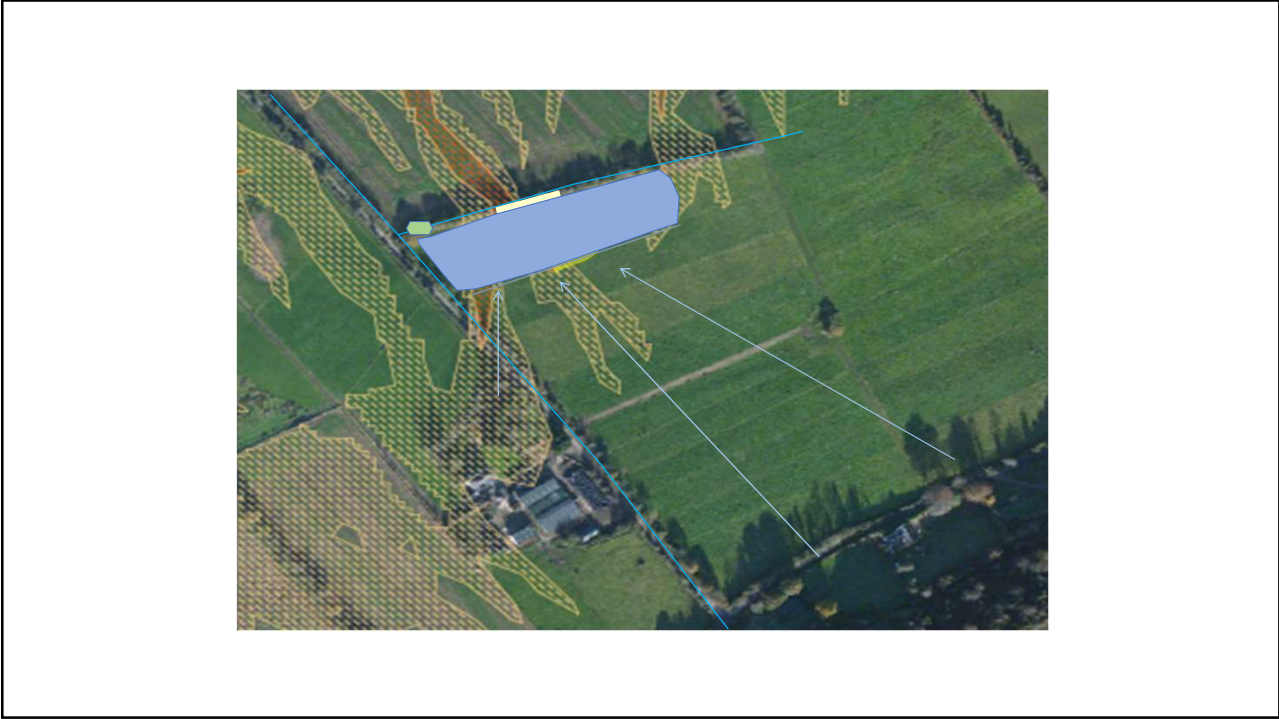


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### Pollution Impact Potential (PIP-N) Maps - Nitrogen

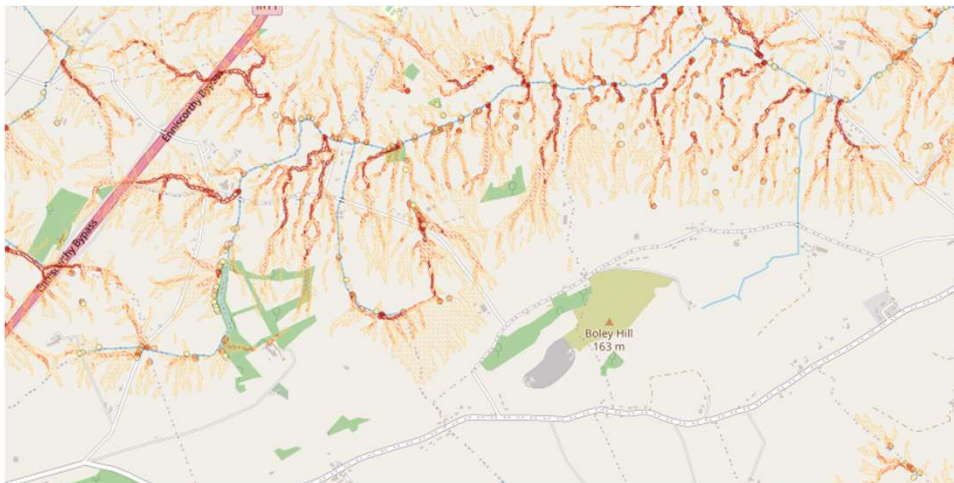
- Map identifies diffuse N losses.
- The darkest purple areas (PIP rank 1) show the farmland with the highest risk for diffuse N losses.
- Lighter colours indicate lower risk land for diffuse N loss
- High risk areas often coincide with free draining land



PIP map for Nitrogen.  
Source EPA and OSI

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### Overland flow pathways and delivery points



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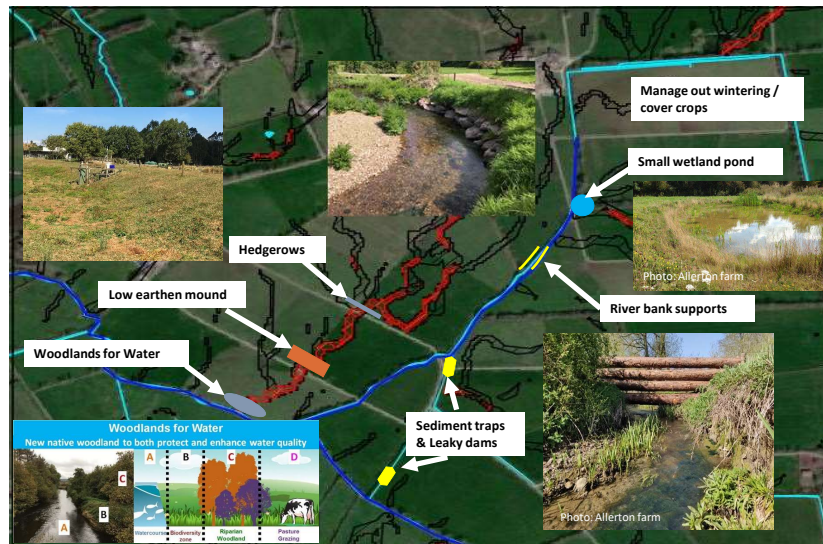
### Pollution Impact Potential (PIP-P) Maps

- PIP maps developed by the EPA
- Help focus on the areas and sources that might be impacting water quality.
- Help identify diffuse P and diffuse N losses.
- The darkest blue areas (PIP rank 1) show the farmland with the highest risk for diffuse P losses.
- High risk areas often coincide with poorly drained land

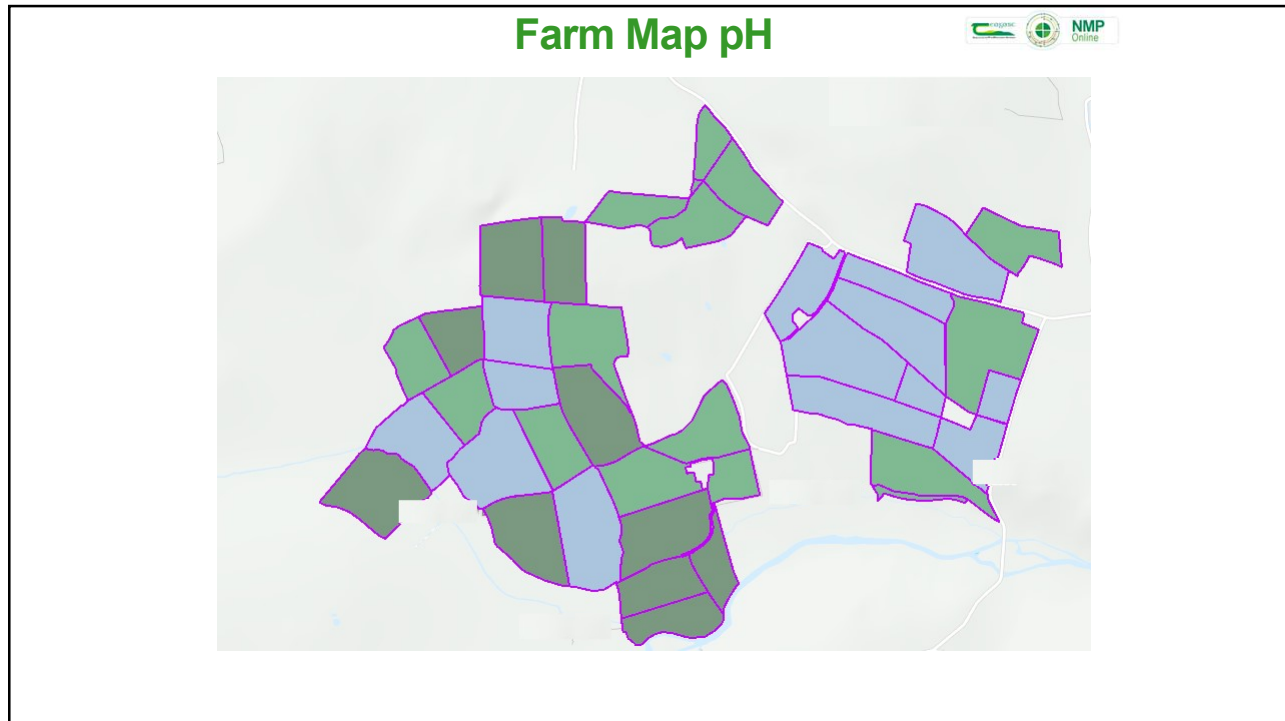


PIP map for Phosphorus.  
Source EPA and OSI

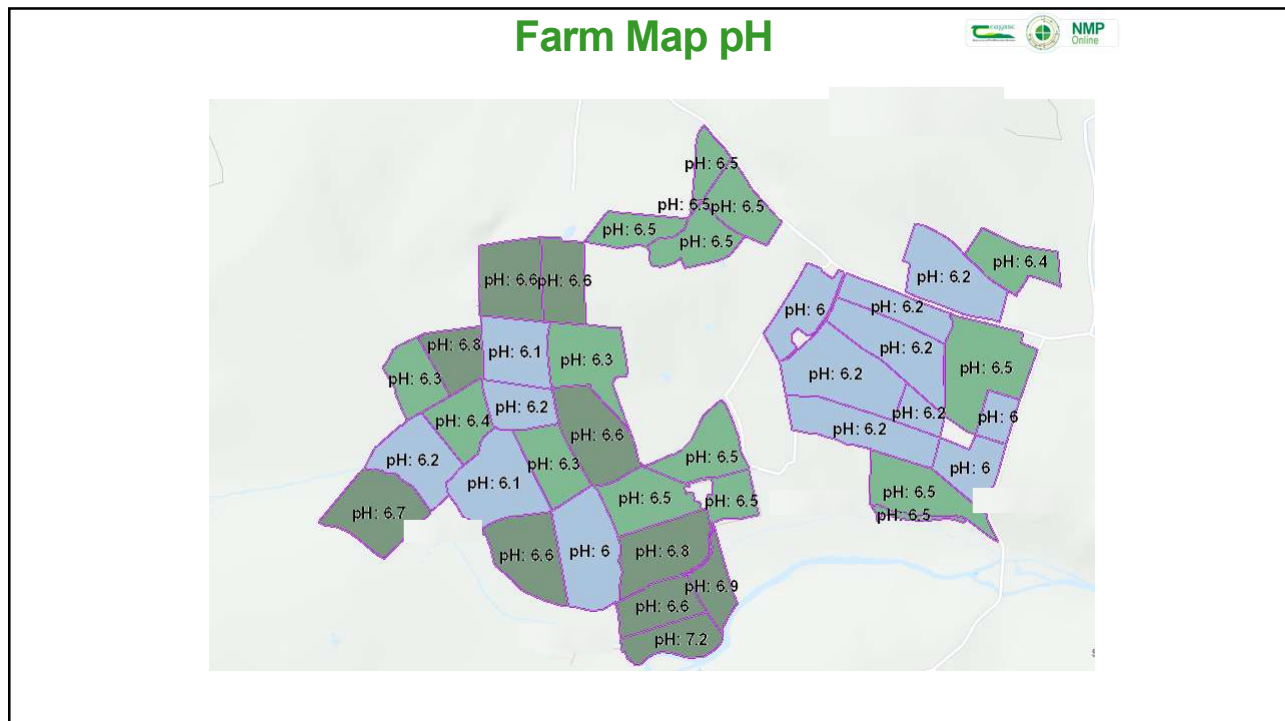
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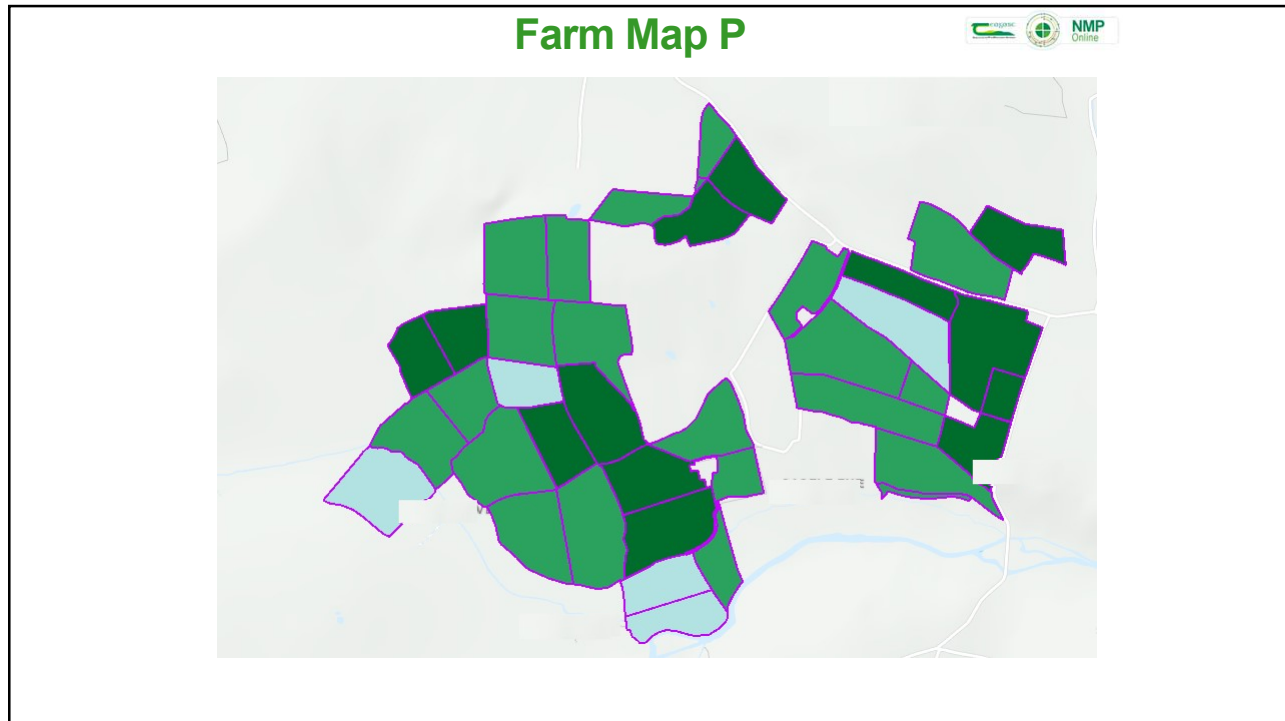


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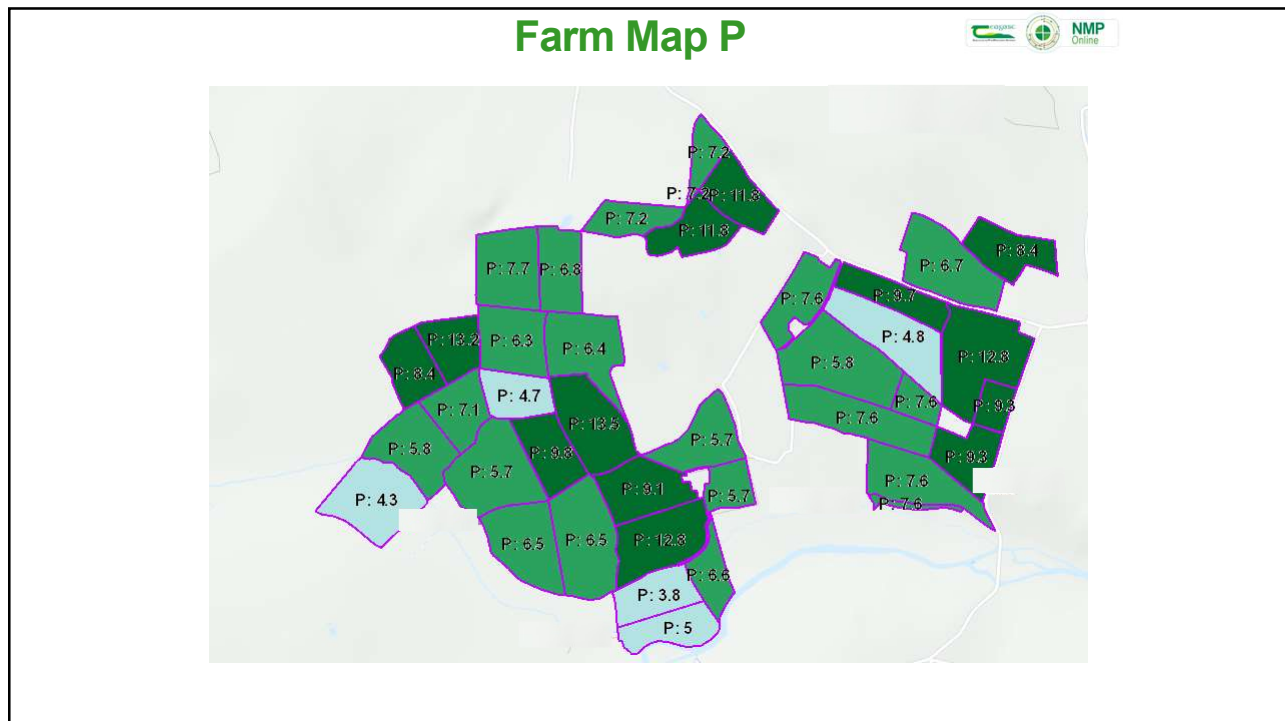


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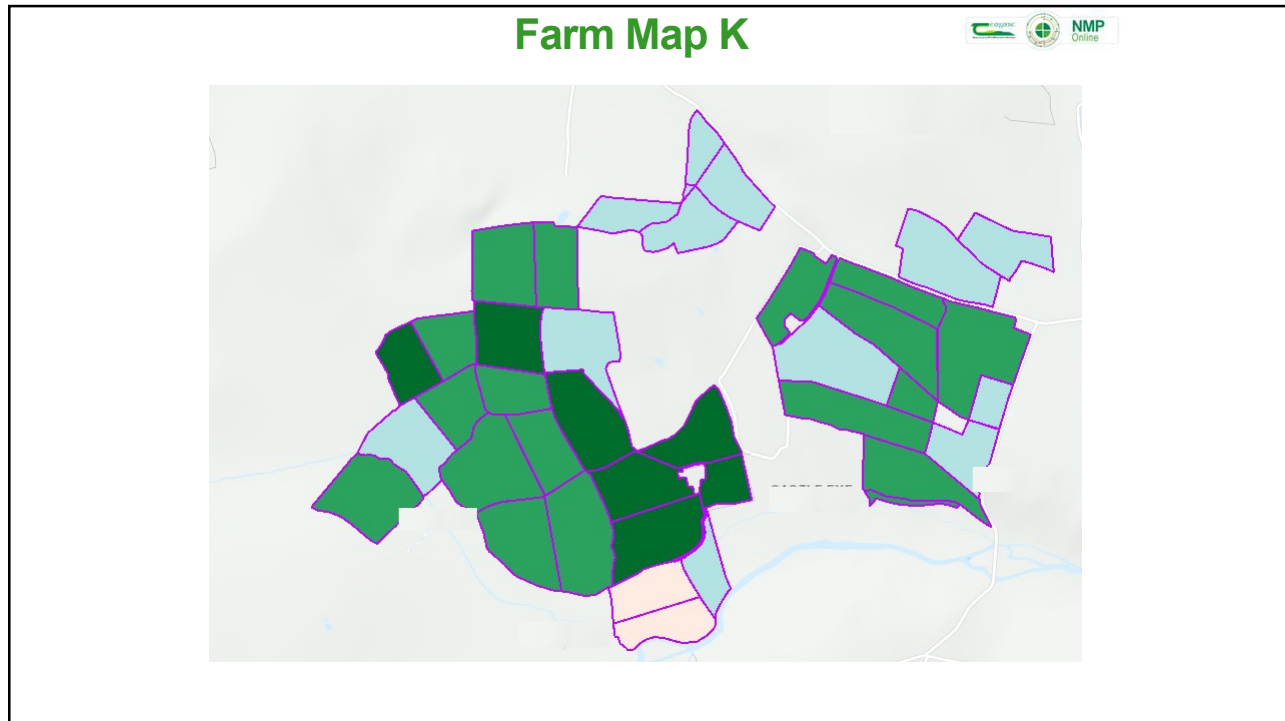




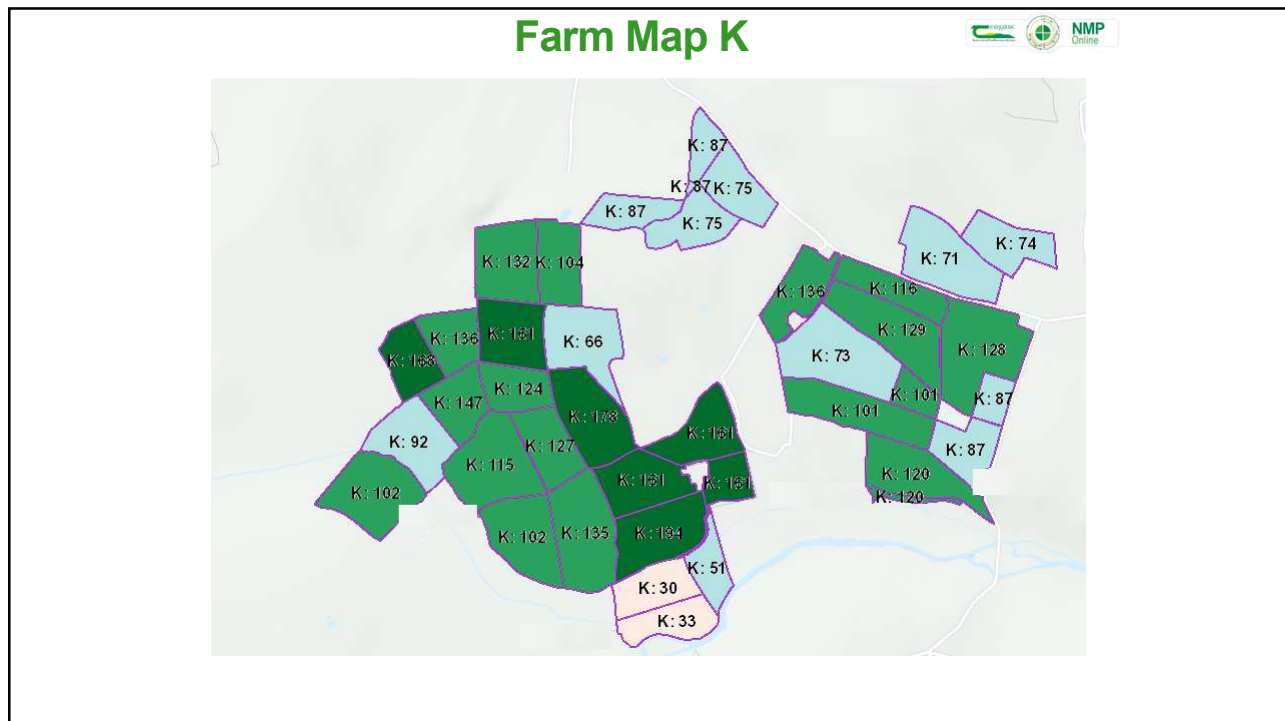
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## Technology doesn't replace



- It supports
- You still make the decisions
- Technology can help you monitor whether you are making the right decisions or not



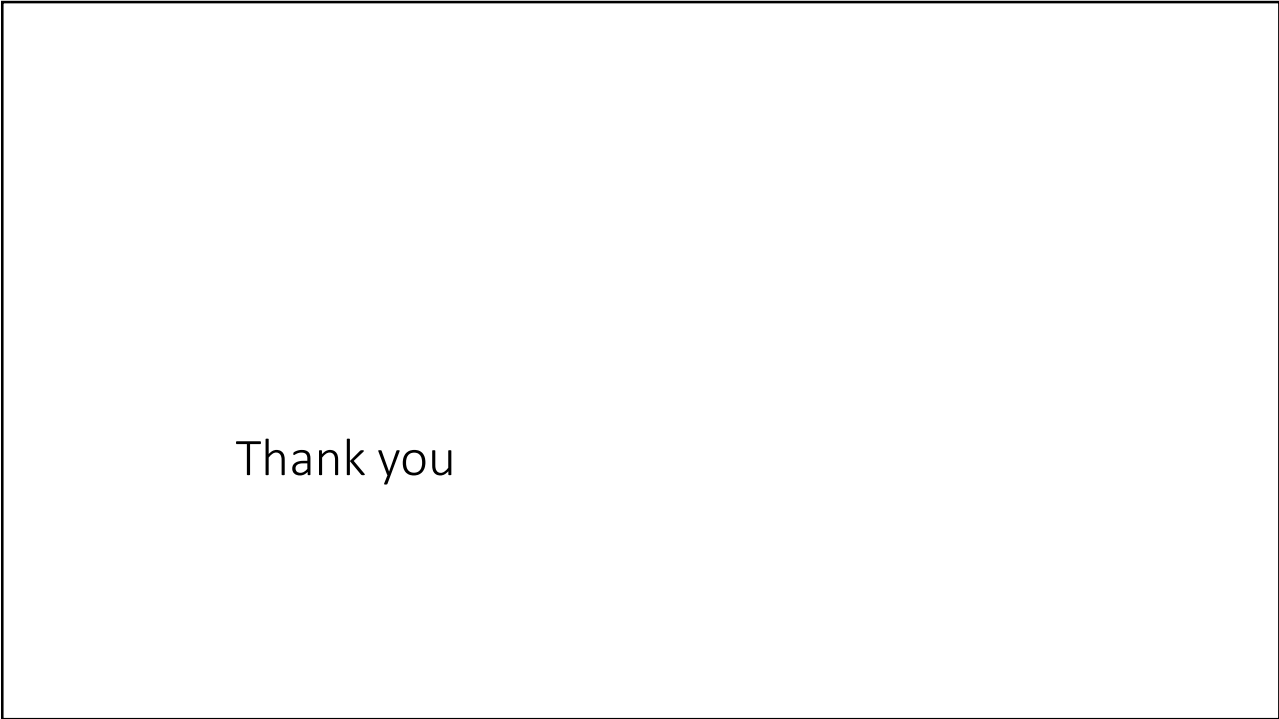
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## Key Messages

- Use your NMP to:
  - Value for your investment in soil fertility,
  - Increasing grass growth,
  - Reducing inputs,
  - Water quality,
  - Reducing GHG's / Ammonia
- Full set of well taken soil samples, a fertiliser plan that takes soil type into account, use the maps to target soil fertility,
- Sustainable Fertiliser Plan



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Thank you